

County of San Diego San Diego, California

Audit Report

June 30, 2020



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Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Governing Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Del Mar Union School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Del Mar Union School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information identified in the table of contents, as required by the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2021, on our consideration of Del Mar Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co Lift El Cajon, California March 4, 2021

## **DEL MAR UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT**

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Del Mar Union School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. To provide a complete understanding of the District's financial performance, please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in the MD & A.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The increase in Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) sources from 2018-19 to 2019-20 was \$2,557,202 (5%) which consisted mostly of increases to property taxes received.
- > The general fund expenditures increased by \$1,030,683 (1.7%) over the previous year amount.
- ➤ General Fund revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,454,003.
- ➤ The General Fund ended the fiscal year with 23.01% reserves in unrestricted and assigned fund balances.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of the following parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, and findings and recommendations. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Del Mar Union School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

#### The Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's more significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the supplementary information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. A comparison of the District's general fund budget is included.

## Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These two statements provide information about the District as a whole using methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting takes in account all the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report information on the district as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2019-2020?"

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Over time, the increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities. One must consider many non-financial factors, such as the quality of education provided to assess the overall health of the District.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indications of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes to the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

## Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The major governmental funds of the District are the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

## Enterprise Funds

The District also operates one Enterprise Fund, the Childcare Services Fund. This fund reflects the activity of the childcare program for which the District charges fees for services provided. The fund is reported using full accounting which includes all assets and liabilities, including those that are long-term in nature.

## Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the OPEB Trust Fund and the Foundation Private Purpose Trust Fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENTS

#### The School District as a Whole

The District's net position was \$63.7 million at June 30, 2020. Of this amount, unrestricted net position was (\$144.5) million, net investment in capital assets was \$100.6 million, and restricted net position was \$107.5 million. A Comparative analysis of government-wide statement of net position is presented in Table 1.

The District's net position increased \$2.9 million this fiscal year (See Table 2). The District's expenses for instructional and pupil services represented 73% of total expenses. The administrative activities of the District accounted for just 7% of total costs. The remaining 20% was spent in the areas of plant services, childcare services, and other expenses, including debt service interest. (See Figure 2)

(Table 1)
Comparative Statement of Net Position

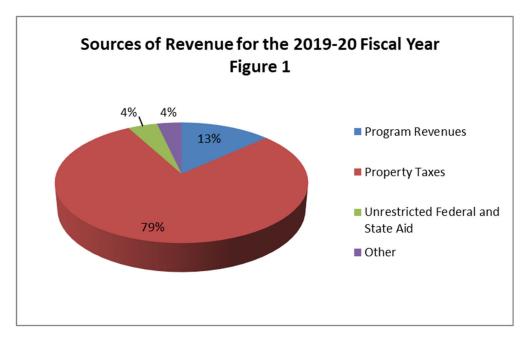
	Governmental Activities					<b>Business Type Activities</b>			
	J	une 30, 2020	Jı	me 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	
Assets									
Cash	\$	129,987,466	\$	39,058,045	\$	1,091,444	\$	2,330,790	
Investments									
Accounts receivable		2,296,151		2,046,017		11,389		41,284	
Internal Balances		136,292		205,467		(136,292)		(205,467)	
Inventory									
Prepaid expenses		30,835		88,511		-		4,841	
Capital assets, net		120,733,040		108,131,099		1,120,351		1,148,445	
Total Assets	\$	253,183,784	\$	149,529,139	\$	2,086,892	\$	3,319,893	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>									
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	14,874,593	\$	18,827,057	\$	2,194,175	\$	1,820,875	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		1,764,036		239,470		84,461		14,506	
Deferred outflows of resources - debt related		1,622,337		1,012,900		-		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	18,260,966	\$	20,079,427	\$	2,278,636	\$	1,835,381	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	3,766,573	\$	3,194,337	\$	114,144	\$	285,126	
Unearned revenue		135,960		1,585,379		252,979		189,582	
Long-term liabilities		194,087,941		95,184,390		6,409,748		5,012,266	
Total Liabilities	\$	197,990,474	\$	99,964,106	\$	6,776,871	\$	5,486,974	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	6,494,356		7,230,675	\$	571,122		1,008,210	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		301,082		344,094		18,238		20,843	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,795,438	\$	7,574,769	\$	589,360	\$	1,029,053	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	99,527,971	\$	89,045,930	\$	1,120,351	\$	1,148,445	
Restricted	*	107,548,012		16,070,383	•	-	•	-	
Unrestricted		(140,417,145)		(43,046,622)	(4,121,054)			(2,509,198)	
Total Net Position	\$	66,658,838	\$	62,069,691	\$	(3,000,703)	\$	(1,360,753)	

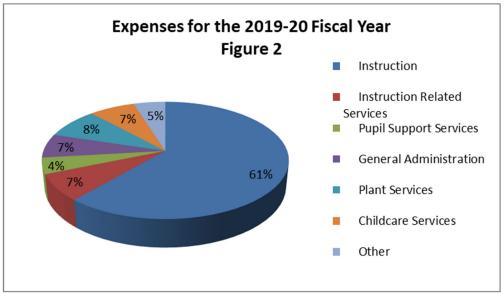
(Table 2) Comparative Statement of Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					<b>Business Type Activities</b>			
	June 30, 2020		Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	655,549	\$	867,725	\$	3,561,377	\$	4,606,912	
Operating grants and contributions		6,154,453		3,282,716		3,912		(4,617)	
General revenues									
Taxes levied for general purposes		51,658,179		49,027,442		-		-	
Taxes levied for debt service		5,319,085		-		-	-		
Taxes levied for other specific purposes		4,250,807		4,160,193		-	-		
Federal and state aid not restricted		3,390,130		3,728,810		-		-	
Interest and investment earnings		463,728		486,666	33,562		35,229		
Miscellaneous	2,305,264			2,996,287					
Total Revenues		74,197,195		64,549,839		3,598,851		4,637,524	
Expenses									
Instruction		45,942,847		45,055,155		-		-	
Instruction related services		5,503,531		5,528,021		-		-	
Pupil support services		3,321,243		3,688,777		-		-	
General administration		4,930,767		4,353,043		-		-	
Plant services		6,261,404		5,283,263		-		-	
Childcare services		-		-		5,238,801		5,030,069	
Other		3,648,257		747,923		-		-	
Total Expenses		69,608,049		64,656,182	-	5,238,801		5,030,069	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		4,589,146		(106,343)		(1,639,950)		(392,545)	
Net Position - Beginning Balance		62,069,692		62,176,035		(1,360,753)		(968,208)	
Net Position - Ending Balance	\$	66,658,838	\$	62,069,692	\$	(3,000,703)	\$	(1,360,753)	

## **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of the District's governmental activities this year was \$3.1 million. The amount that our local taxpayers financed for these activities through property taxes was \$2.2 million. Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes totaled \$0.4 million. Operating grants and contributions revenue was \$0.9 million. Operating grants and unrestricted federal and state aid and covered 36% of the expenses of the entire District (See Figure 1).





#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The District's individual fund statements provide information on inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. The District's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$130 million, an increase of \$93.2 million from the previous fiscal year's combined ending balance of \$36.8 million. The Childcare services enterprise fund reported an ending net position of \$(3) million which represented a decrease in net position of \$(1.6) million over the previous year ending net position of \$(1.4) million.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget regularly. The significant budget adjustments fell into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the adopted budget required after approval of the State budget.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to actual enrollment information and to update expenditures for staffing adjustments related to actual enrollments.
- Other budget revisions are routine in nature, including adjustments to categorical revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between expenditure categories for school and department budgets.

The final revised budget for the General Fund reflected a net decrease to the ending balance of \$358,656.

The District ended the year with a \$1,268,651 increase to the general fund ending balance. The State recommends available reserves of 3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The District has a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, administrative buildings, site improvements, vehicles, and equipment. Table 3 demonstrates a comparative Schedule of Capital Assets.

(Table 3)
Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets
June 30, 2020 and 2019

	_	2020	 2019	Net \$ Change	Net % Change
Land	\$	36,813,151	\$ 36,813,151	\$ 0	0.0%
Work in Progress		15,686,964	526,208	15,160,756	2881.1%
Land Improvements		3,072,084	3,324,509	(252,425)	-7.6%
Buildings & Improvements		104,938,109	104,938,109	0	0.0%
Equipment		4,780,352	4,509,986	270,366	6.0%
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Land Improvements		(1,792,658)	(1,973,326)	180,668	-9.2%
Buildings & Improvements		(39,149,888)	(36,790,432)	(2,359,456)	6.4%
Equipment		(2,494,723)	 (2,068,661)	(426,062)	20.6%
Total	\$	121,853,391	\$ 109,279,544	\$ 12,573,847	11.5%

## **Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2020 the District had \$117.9 million in long-term debt outstanding. Table 4 shows a comparative schedule of long-term debt items.

(Table 4)
Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019	No	et \$ Change	Net % Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 59,215,330	\$ 0	\$	59,215,330	100.0%
Special Tax Bonds	57,991,884	18,273,564		39,718,320	217.4%
Capital Leases Payable	 642,811	 811,605		(168,794)	-20.8%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 117,850,025	\$ 19,085,169	\$	98,764,856	517.5%

#### **GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND**

On November 6, 2018, the voters of the Del Mar Union School District community voted to approve Measure MM to authorize the District to issue \$186 million of general obligation bonds for construction, reconstruction and modernization of Del Mar Union School District facilities. This bond measure passed with over 61% of votes cast in favor to authorize the issuance and sale.

The Bonds represent a general obligation of the District, payable solely from *ad valorem* taxes for the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds upon all property subject to taxation by the District. The amount of the annual *ad valorem* taxes levied by the County to repay the Bonds will be determined by the relationship between the assessed valuation of taxable property in the District and the amount of debt service due on the Bonds in any year. Property within the District has a total assessed valuation for fiscal year 2019-2020 of \$19.9 billion.

The Del Mar Union School District General Obligation Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2019 A were issued in October 2019 in the principal amount of \$55,285,000 and are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Services

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE**

School district revenues consist primarily of guaranteed State moneys, local property taxes and funds received from the State in the form of categorical aid under ongoing programs of local assistance. All State aid is subject to the appropriation of funds in the State's annual budget. COVID-19 has created uncertainty to the health of the State's budget due to an overall downturn in the economy that will likely affect state tax collections.

Predicting the future requires management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years. The District currently maximizes restricted funds prior to utilizing unrestricted revenues in the budget development process. The District has an excellent track record in meeting this challenge in what has proven to be a long cycle of lean years for education finances.

The Del Mar Union School District is committed to proactive fiscal planning and maintaining a reserve balance to assure fiscal solvency.

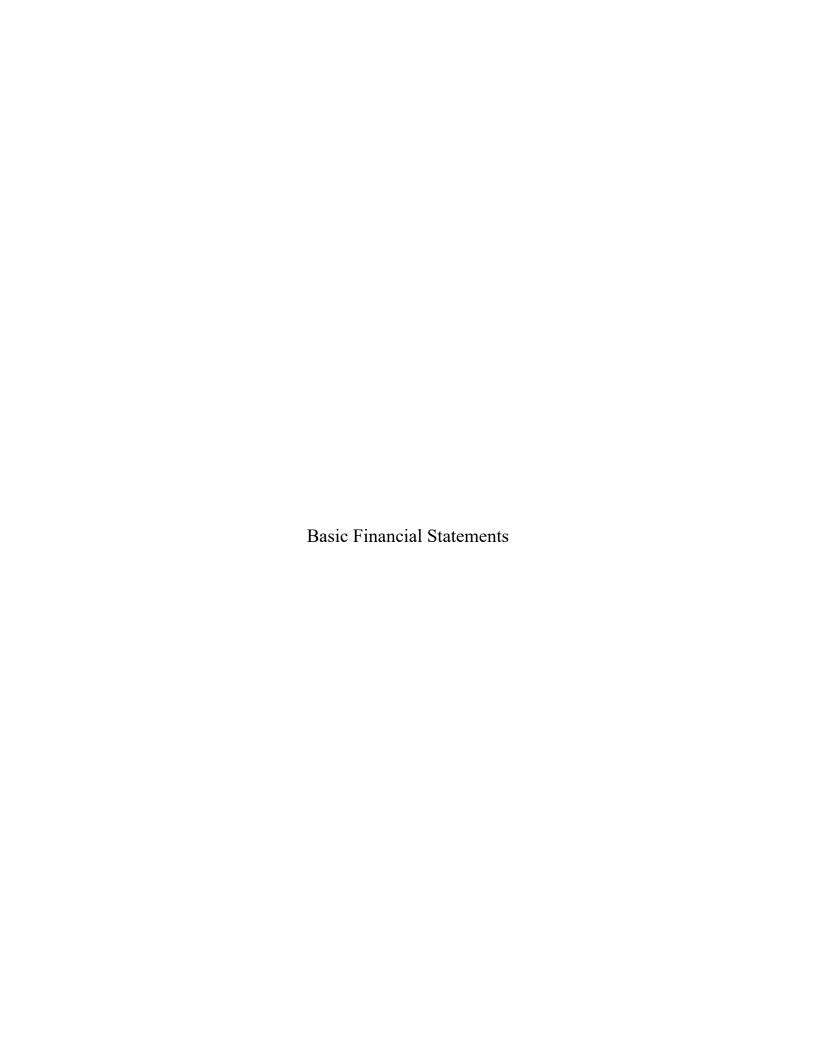
## AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) AND ENROLLMENT

The following chart shows the District's ADA for fiscal years 2016-2017 through 2019-2020:

Fiscal Year	Total ADA	Total Enrollment
2016-2017	4,304.37	4,414
2017-2018	4,321.83	4,453
2018-2019	4,140.74	4,263
2019-2020	4,012.71	4,132

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Business Office, at Del Mar Union School District, 11232 El Camino Real, Ste. 100, San Diego CA 92130.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Assets         Governmental Activities         Business-Type Activities         Total         Component Unit Unit Unit Unit Unit Unit Unit Un		]				
Assets         Cash         \$ 129,987,466         \$ 1,091,444         \$ 131,078,910         \$ 75,856           Receivables         2,296,151         113,389         2,307,540         - 2           Internal Balances         136,292         (136,292)         - 2.07,540         - 2           Prepaid Expenses         30,835         - 30,835         - 38,852           Capital Assets:         30,835         - 36,813,151         - 36,813,151         - 36,813,151         - 30,72,084         - 2           Improvements         3,072,084         - 30,72,784         - 30,72,084         - 30			Primary Government Business-Type			
Cash         \$ 129,987,466         \$ 1,091,444         \$ 131,078,910         \$ 75,856           Receivables         2,296,151         11,389         2,307,540         -           Internal Balances         136,292         (136,292)         -         -           Prepaid Expenses         30,835         -         30,835         3,825           Capital Assets:         -         -         30,835         -         30,835         3,825           Land         36,813,151         -         3,072,084         -         3,072,084         -           Buiklings         103,554,390         1,383,719         104,938,109         -           Equipment         4,780,352         -         -         4,780,352         -           Work in Progress         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,368)         (43,437,269)         -         -           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,6892         255,270,676         79,681           Deferred Outflows of Resources         18,260,966         2,278,636         20,539,602         -           Land Assets         8		Activities	Activities	Total	Component Unit	
Receivables         2,296,151         11,389         2,307,540         -           Internal Balances         136,292         (136,292)         -         -           Prepaid Expenses         30,835         3,825           Capital Assets:         ****         ****           Land         36,813,151         -         36,813,151         -           Improvements         3,072,084         -         3,072,084         -           Buildings         103,554,390         1,383,719         104,938,109         -           Equipment         4,780,352         -         4,780,352         -           Work in Progress         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,368)         (43,437,269)         -           Total Assets         253,183,784         2,086,892         255,270,676         79,681           Deferred Outflows of Resources         18,260,966         2,278,636         20,539,602         -           Liabilities           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities         8,095,550	Assets					
Internal Balances   136,292   (136,292)   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	Cash	\$ 129,987,466	\$ 1,091,444	\$ 131,078,910	\$ 75,856	
Prepaid Expenses   30,835   - 30,835   3,825	Receivables	2,296,151	11,389	2,307,540	-	
Capital Assets:   Land	Internal Balances	136,292	(136,292)	-	-	
Land   36,813,151   - 36,813,151   - 1   Improvements   3,072,084   - 3,082,082   - 3,086,964   -	Prepaid Expenses	30,835	-	30,835	3,825	
Improvements	Capital Assets:					
Buildings         103,554,390         1,383,719         104,938,109         -           Equipment         4,780,352         -         4,780,352         -           Work in Progress         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,368)         (43,437,269)         -           Total Assets         253,183,784         2,086,892         255,270,676         79,681           Liabilities           Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         100,000         252,979         388,939         -           Due within One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         - <tr< td=""><td>Land</td><td>36,813,151</td><td>-</td><td>36,813,151</td><td>-</td></tr<>	Land	36,813,151	-	36,813,151	-	
Equipment         4,780,352         -         4,780,352         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -         <	Improvements	3,072,084	-	3,072,084	-	
Work in Progress         15,686,964         -         15,686,964         -           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,368)         (43,437,269)         -           Total Assets         253,183,784         2,086,892         255,270,676         79,681           Deferred Outflows of Resources         18,260,966         2,278,636         20,539,602         -           Liabilities           Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         3         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         2         2         2         2         2         3         8         9         2         2         3         8         9         3         8         9         3         3 <td>Buildings</td> <td>103,554,390</td> <td>1,383,719</td> <td>104,938,109</td> <td>-</td>	Buildings	103,554,390	1,383,719	104,938,109	-	
Less Accumulated Depreciation         (43,173,901)         (263,368)         (43,437,269)         -           Total Assets         253,183,784         2,086,892         255,270,676         79,681           Deferred Outflows of Resources         18,260,966         2,278,636         20,539,602         -           Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         10ue Within One Year         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due Within One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs	Equipment	4,780,352	-	4,780,352	-	
Total Assets   253,183,784   2,086,892   255,270,676   79,681	Work in Progress	15,686,964	-	15,686,964	-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources   18,260,966   2,278,636   20,539,602   -	Less Accumulated Depreciation	(43,173,901)	(263,368)	(43,437,269)		
Liabilities         Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:	Total Assets	253,183,784	2,086,892	255,270,676	79,681	
Liabilities         Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities         3,766,573         114,144         3,880,717         360           Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due in More Than One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,260,966	2,278,636	20,539,602		
Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due in More Than One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         20th Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321	Liabilities					
Unearned Revenue         135,960         252,979         388,939         -           Long-Term Liabilities:         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due in More Than One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         20,767,345         20,767,345         -         -           Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321	Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	3,766,573	114,144	3,880,717	360	
Long-Term Liabilities:         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due in More Than One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         204,767,345         204,767,345         -         -           Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	
Due Within One Year         8,095,550         63,868         8,159,418         -           Due in More Than One Year         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321	Long-Term Liabilities:	,-	- /	/		
Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities         185,992,391         6,345,880         192,338,271         -           Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321		8,095,550	63,868	8,159,418	_	
Total Liabilities         197,990,474         6,776,871         204,767,345         360           Deferred Inflows of Resources         6,795,438         589,360         7,384,798         -           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         99,527,971         1,120,351         100,648,322         -           Restricted for:         Capital Projects         98,447,626         -         98,447,626         -           Debt Service         8,592,124         -         8,592,124         -           Educational Programs         93,313         -         93,313         -           Other Purposes (Expendable)         359,115         -         359,115         -           Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)         55,834         -         55,834         -           Unrestricted         (140,417,145)         (4,121,054)         (144,538,199)         79,321	Due in More Than One Year	185,992,391	6,345,880		-	
Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets       99,527,971       1,120,351       100,648,322       -         Restricted for:       Capital Projects       98,447,626       -       98,447,626       -         Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	Total Liabilities				360	
Net Investment in Capital Assets       99,527,971       1,120,351       100,648,322       -         Restricted for:       Capital Projects       98,447,626       -       98,447,626       -         Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,795,438	589,360	7,384,798		
Net Investment in Capital Assets       99,527,971       1,120,351       100,648,322       -         Restricted for:       Capital Projects       98,447,626       -       98,447,626       -         Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	Net Position					
Restricted for:         Capital Projects       98,447,626       -       98,447,626       -         Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321		99.527.971	1.120.351	100.648.322	_	
Capital Projects       98,447,626       -       98,447,626       -         Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	•	,,,e=1,,,11	1,120,551	100,010,022		
Debt Service       8,592,124       -       8,592,124       -         Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321		98.447.626	_	98.447.626	_	
Educational Programs       93,313       -       93,313       -         Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	1 2		_		_	
Other Purposes (Expendable)       359,115       -       359,115       -         Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321	Educational Programs		_		_	
Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)       55,834       -       55,834       -         Unrestricted       (140,417,145)       (4,121,054)       (144,538,199)       79,321			_		_	
Unrestricted (140,417,145) (4,121,054) (144,538,199) 79,321			-		_	
			(4.121.054)		79,321	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Po					ositior	1		
						rating Grants		Primary Government						
			C	harges for	1	and	G	overnmental		siness Type				
Functions		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities	Activities			Total	Con	nponent Unit
Governmental Activities:											-			-
Instruction	\$	45,942,847	\$	29,740	\$	3,866,529	\$	(42,046,578)	\$	_	\$	(42,046,578)	\$	_
Instruction-Related Services		, , , , ,		. , .		-,,-		( ) /				( )//	•	
Instructional Supervision and Administration		2,178,562		2,816		325,669		(1,850,077)		_		(1,850,077)		_
Instructional Library, Media and Technology		238,864		_,		-		(238,864)		_		(238,864)		_
School Site Administration		3,086,105		_		40,743		(3,045,362)		_		(3,045,362)		_
Pupil Services		-,,				,		(0,0 10,0 02)				(=,= :=,= ==)		
Home-to-School Transportation		544,779		_		79,294		(465,485)		_		(465,485)		_
Food Services		680,305		483,086		131,164		(66,055)		_		(66,055)		_
All Other Pupil Services		2,096,159		1,660		276,296		(1,818,203)		_		(1,818,203)		_
General Administration		_,,		-,		,		(-,,)				(-,0-0,-00)		
Centralized Data Processing		1,589,653		_		8,944		(1,580,709)		_		(1,580,709)		_
All Other General Administration		3,341,114		29		42,768		(3,298,317)		_		(3,298,317)		_
Plant Services		6,261,404		86,769		885,535		(5,289,100)		_		(5,289,100)		_
Ancillary Services		-		-		-		-		_		(5,205,100)		_
Community Services		6,000		_		_		(6,000)		_		(6,000)		_
Enterprise Activities		-		_		_		-		_		-		_
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,765,113		_		_		(2,765,113)		_		(2,765,113)		_
Debt Issuance Costs		857,923		_		_		(857,923)		_		(857,923)		_
Transfers Between Agencies		19,221		51,449		497,511		529,739		_		529,739		_
		,==-		,		,		,				,		
Business Type Activities:														
Child Care Services		5,238,801		3,561,377		3,912		_		(1,673,512)		(1,673,512)		_
						ŕ								
Component Unit:														
Educational Grants		1,100,000		_		-		-		_		-		(1,100,000)
Management and General		76,196		-		-		-		-		-		(76,196)
Loss on Sale of Donated Stock		106		_		-		-		_		-		(106)
Fundraising		58,054		-		-		-		_		-		(58,054)
· ·														
Total	\$	76,081,206	\$	4,216,926	\$	6,158,365	\$	(62,798,047)	\$	(1,673,512)	\$	(64,471,559)	\$	(1,234,356)
	-	1.0												
		eral Revenues:		_										
	1 a	ixes and Subver					\$	51,658,179	\$		s	51,658,179	\$	
		Taxes Levied		-	S		Э		Э	-	э		Э	-
		Taxes Levied						5,319,085 4,250,807		_		5,319,085 4,250,807		-
		Taxes Levied			-	es								-
Federal and State Aid, Not Restrict			1			3,390,130		-		3,390,130		- 017		
			and Investment Earnings neous Total General Revenues				463,728		33,562		497,290		817	
	IVI	iscellaneous					2,305,264		- 22.562		2,305,264		1,241,393	
		10	nai G	enerai Kevenu	es			67,387,193		33,562		67,420,755		1,242,210
			Cha	nge in Net Pos	sition			4,589,146		(1,639,950)		2,949,196		7,854
				Position, Begii				62,069,692		(1,360,753)		60,708,939		71,467
				Position, Endir	_		\$	66,658,838	\$	(3,000,703)	\$	63,658,135	\$	79,321
									_		_			

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund		Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Unit		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash in County Treasury	\$	15,505,955	\$	51,520,418	\$	17,597,609	\$ 16,097,356	\$	100,721,338
Cash in Banks		328,317		-		-	-		328,317
Cash in Revolving Fund		25,000		-		-	-		25,000
Cash With Fiscal Agent/Trustee		-		-		28,912,812	-		28,912,812
Accounts Receivable		1,957,589		219,903		71,900	46,758		2,296,150
Due from Other Funds		619,244		-		-	325,975		945,219
Prepaid Expenditures		30,835					 		30,835
Total Assets	\$	18,466,940	\$	51,740,321	\$	46,582,321	\$ 16,470,089	\$	133,259,671
Liabilities and Fund Balance									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	1,686,515	\$	549,353	\$	12,371	\$ 29,636	\$	2,277,875
Due to Other Funds		726,708		75,736		6,483	-		808,927
Unearned Revenue		55,406		-		-	80,554		135,960
Total Liabilities		2,468,629		625,089		18,854	110,190		3,222,762
Fund Balance:									
Nonspendable Fund Balances		55,835		-		-	-		55,835
Restricted Fund Balances		452,428		51,115,232		46,563,467	9,361,050		107,492,177
Committed Fund Balances		-		-		-	1,106,668		1,106,668
Assigned Fund Balances		12,379,624		-		-	5,892,181		18,271,805
Unassigned Fund Balances		3,110,424		-		-	-		3,110,424
Total Fund Balance		15,998,311		51,115,232		46,563,467	16,359,899		130,036,909
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	18,466,940	\$	51,740,321	\$	46,582,321	\$ 16,470,089	\$	133,259,671

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

## Total fund balances governmental funds:

\$ 130,036,909

Amounts reported for assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost

Accumulated depreciation

Net

163,906,941

(43,173,901)

120,733,040

Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt insurance costs included in deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position are:

493,653

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at teh end of teh period was:

(1,488,698)

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

General obligation bonds payable	59,215,330	
Capital leases payable	642,811	
Special tax bonds payable	57,991,884	
Net pension liability	62,227,782	
Net OPEB liability	13,658,511	
Compensated absences	351,623	
	Total	(194,087,941)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position, Continued June 30, 2020

Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding: In the government wide financial statements deferred gain or loss on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources (for a loss) or a deferred inflow of resources (for a gain) and subsequently amortized over the life of the debt. Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position was:

1,128,684

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions

Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions

(6,494,356)

Net

8,380,237

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB

1,764,036

Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB

(301,082)

Net

1,462,954

Total net position governmental activities:

\$ 66,658,838

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	General Fund		General Fund Building Fund		Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Unit		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
State Apportionment	\$	1,170,328	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,170,328
Education Protection Account Funds	Ф	828,512	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	828,512
Local Property Taxes	4	51,381,405		-		4,250,807		5,557,811		61,190,023
Federal Revenue		1,276,145		-		4,230,807		112,351		1,388,496
Other State Revenue		5,585,115		_		_		24,604		5,609,719
Interest Income		332,385		731,528		511,594		204,537		1,780,044
Other Local Revenue				/31,328		13,233		621,520		4,850,081
Total Revenues		4,215,328 54,789,218		731,528		4,775,634		6,520,823		76,817,203
Total Revenues		04,769,216		/31,328		4,773,034		0,320,823		/0,81/,203
Expenditures										
Current Expenditures:										-
Instruction	2	14,131,419		-		-		-		44,131,419
Instruction - Related Services		5,554,462		-		-		-		5,554,462
Pupil Services		2,686,481		-		-		672,256		3,358,737
General Administration		4,665,205		-		-		5,025		4,670,230
Plant Services		5,648,915		-		113,405		425,748		6,188,068
Debt Issue Costs		-		356,912		936,832		-		1,293,744
Other Outgo		19,221		-		-		-		19,221
Capital Outlay		329,342		4,211,920		10,965,000		-		15,506,262
Debt Service:										-
Principal		287,874		-		3,190,000		690,000		4,167,874
Interest		12,296				152,903		1,538,029		1,703,228
Total Expenditures		53,335,215		4,568,832		15,358,140		3,331,058		86,593,245
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,454,003		(3,837,304)	-	(10,582,506)		3,189,765		(9,776,042)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In		572,579		-		336,797		1,749,599		2,658,975
Transfers Out		(468,900)		(509,376)		(1,680,699)		-		(2,658,975)
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds		-		55,461,912		43,616,376		3,762,115		102,840,403
Proceeds from Capital Leases		119,080		-		-		-		119,080
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		222,759		54,952,536		42,272,474		5,511,714		102,959,483
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,676,762		51,115,232		31,689,968		8,701,479		93,183,441
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1	14,321,549		_		14,873,499		7,658,420		36,853,468
Fund Balance, End of Year		5,998,311	\$	51,115,232	\$	46,563,467	\$	16,359,899	\$	130,036,909
,		,,-		, -,		- , ,		- , ,		- , ,

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Total change in fund balances, governmental funds:

\$ 93,183,441

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay 15,506,262

Depreciation expense (2,892,293)

Net 12,613,969

Gain or loss from disposal of capital assets: In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

(12,028)

Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

4,167,874

Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt were:

(102,959,483)

Debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance are amortized over the life of teh debt. The difference between debt issue costs for prepaid insurance incurred in teh current period and prepaid insurance costs amortized for the period is:

Prepaid debt insurance incurred during the period

Prepaid debt insurance amortized for the period

Net

441,393

(5,572)

Net

435,821

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at teh end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior peariod was:

(1,244,858)

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

(45,047)

Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

(1,224,830)

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(517,385)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the perid it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of debt issue premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding for the period is:

191,672

Change in net position of governmental activities:

\$ 4,589,146

Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Fund June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund	
	Child Care	
	Services Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,091,444
Accounts Receivable		11,389
Due from Other Funds		732
Total Current Assets		1,103,565
Noncurrent Assets		
Buildings and Improvements		1,383,719
Accumulated Depreciation		(263,368)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,120,351
Total Assets	\$	2,223,916
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB Related	\$	84,461
Pension Related		2,194,175
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,278,636
	<del></del>	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	114,144
Due to Other Funds		137,024
Unearned Revenue		252,979
Total Current Liabilities		504,147
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability		5,382,941
Net OPEB Liability		962,939
Compensated Absences Payable		63,868
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		6,409,748
Total Liabilities	\$	6,913,895
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB Related	\$	18,238
Pension Related		571,122
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	589,360
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,120,351
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(4,121,054)
Total Net Position	\$	(3,000,703)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Enterprise Fund June  $30,\,2020$ 

		Enterprise Fund		
		Child Care		
	Ser	Services Fund		
Operating Revenues				
State Revenue	\$	3,912		
Child Care Service Fees		3,561,377		
Total Operating Revenues		3,565,289		
Operating Expenses				
Certificated Salaries		107,285		
Classified Salaries		2,915,350		
Employee Benefits		1,644,857		
Books and Supplies		155,317		
Services and Other Operating Expenses		387,898		
Depreciation Expense		28,094		
Total Operating Expenses		5,238,801		
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,673,512)		
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)				
Interest Income		33,562		
Total Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)		33,562		
Change in Net Position		(1,639,950)		
Total Net Position - Beginning		(1,360,753)		
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	\$ (3,000,703)		

Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Fund June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund Child Care Services Fund		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_	
Cash Received from Customers	\$	3,644,144	
Cash Received from Grants		3,912	
Cash Payments for Payroll and Benefits		(4,313,738)	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(617,751)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,283,433)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest and Dividends on Investments		44,087	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		44,087	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,239,346)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		2,330,790	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year		1,091,444	
cush and cush Equivalents, End of Tear		1,001,111	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,673,512)	
Depreciation Expense		28,094	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in Operating Accounts Receivable		19,370	
Decrease (Increase) in Due From Other Funds		23,600	
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		4,841	
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources		(443,255)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(170,982)	
Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds		(92,775)	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		63,397	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		1,316,016	
Increase (Decrease) In Net OPEB Liability		66,380	
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		15,086	
Increase (Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		(439,693)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,283,433)	

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	OPEB Trust Fund		Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
Assets	_				
Cash in County Treasury	\$	-	\$	34,265	
Investments		1,108,213		-	
Accounts Receivable		<u> </u>		143	
Total Assets	\$	1,108,213	\$	34,408	
Net Position					
Held in Trust for OPEB Benefit	\$	1,108,213	\$	-	
Held in Trust for Other Purpose				34,408	
Total Net Position	\$	1,108,213	\$	34,408	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	OPEB Trust Fund		Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
Additions					
District Contributions Outside of Trust	\$	237,845	\$	_	
District Contributions to Trust		600,000		-	
Investment Income		8,804		683	
Total Additions		846,649		683	
Deductions					
OPEB Benefits		237,845		-	
Administrative Expenses		591		-	
Total Deductions		238,436		-	
Change in Net Position		608,213		683	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		500,000		33,725	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,108,213	\$	34,408	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Del Mar Union School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

## 1. Reporting Entity

The District operates under a locally elected Governing Board of Trustees form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, special revenue funds, capital facilities funds, debt service funds, student-related activities, and discretely presented component units.

## 2. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District and the Del Mar Schools Community Facilities Districts (the CFDs) have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the CFD as a blended component unit of the District. Therefore, the financial activities of the CFD have been included in the basic financial statements as a blended component unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the CFDs which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, criteria:

## a. Manifestations of Oversight

The governing body of the CFDs are substantively the same as the District's Board of Trustees.

The CFDs have no employees, the District's Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, and other employees of the District function as agents of the CFDs. Neither individual received additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.

The District exercises significant influence over operations of the CFDs as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the CFDs.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## b. Accounting and Fiscal Matters

All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the CFDs must have the consent of the District.

The District will assume a "moral obligation", and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the CFDs.

#### c. Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

The CFDs were created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.

The CFDs were created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between the District and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority, pursuant to California Government Code, commencing with Section 6500. The CFDs were formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all CFD facilities.

The CFDs' financial activity is presented in the financial statements in the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units and Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units.

The Del Mar Union School District has identified one foundation which has a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Section 2100, for inclusion of the foundations as discretely presented component units.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the foundation which satisfies Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100 criteria:

## **Del Mar Schools Education Foundation**

The Del Mar Schools Education Foundation (DMSEF) is a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization that exists to raise funds to assist in paying for the compensation packages for specialized and credentialed teachers in the Del Mar Union School District's STEAM+ curriculum. DMSEF is committed to providing specialized instruction and thereby enriching the educational opportunities of every student in the Del Mar Union School District. During the year ended June 30, 2020 DMSEF provided a grant of \$1,100,000 to the District to assist in the costs associated with the STEAM+ program.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Nature and Significance of Relationship

Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, including their ongoing financial support of the primary government or its other component units. DMSEF is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the following criteria:

- 1) The economic resources received or held by DMSEF are entirely for the direct benefit of the District.
- 2) The District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by DMSEF.
- 3) The economic resources received or held by DMSEF are significant to the District.

## 3. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities, business type activities, and discretely presented component units. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are proprietary in nature. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund:** The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code §15146*) and may not be used for any purpose other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code §41003*).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code §5311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" (CFD) for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services. The District has one CFD reported as a blended component unit.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds categorized by the fund type:

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code §38091 through §38093*). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code §38091 and §38100*).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code §17582*).

Capital Projects Funds: Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The District maintains the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

Capital Facilities Fund: The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code §17620 through §17626). The authority for these levies may be county or city ordinances (Government Code §65970 through §65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. All funds, including interest earned, are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code §65970 through §65981 or Government Code §65995, or items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code §66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code §42840*). This fund may also be used to account for any other revenues specifically for capital projects that are not restricted to other capital projects funds. Other authorized resources that may be deposited into this fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code§41003*).

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The District maintains the following nonmajor debt service funds:

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** The bond interest and redemption fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code §15125 through §15262*). The County of San Diego Auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the County Treasurer from taxes levied by the County Auditor-Controller.

**Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units:** This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facility Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code §5311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" (CFD) for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services. The District has one CFD reported as a blended component unit.

## Proprietary Fund

**Enterprise Fund:** Enterprise funds are used to account for an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. An enterprise fund is accounted for on the accrual basis. Capital assets and long-term liabilities are recorded in the fund. All revenues and expenses are recorded, regardless of when they are received or paid. The District reports the following enterprise fund:

**Child Care Services Fund:** This fund accounts for the activities of the Districts fee based child care program.

#### Fiduciary Funds

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held. The District maintains the following trust funds:

**OPEB Trust Fund:** This fund exists to account separately for amounts held in trust for irrevocable contributions to the OPEB trust account held by CalPERS.

**Foundation Private Purpose Trust Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code §41031* that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## 4. <u>Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

## 5. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid or at year end, whichever is sooner.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## 6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1<sup>st</sup>. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board has satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts.

## 7. Revenues and Expenses

## a. Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, property taxes, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### b. <u>Expenses/Expenditures</u>

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

# 8. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

### a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code §53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury was not available.

### b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance designation, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures during the benefiting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### c. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings & Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Land Improvements	10 - 25 Years
Equipment	5 - 15 Years

#### d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The balance of the liabilities is recognized in the government-wide financial statements at year end. As of June 30, 2020 the District did not have any unpaid employee vacation benefits to report.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### e. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### g. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact (such as revolving cash accounts or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance represents amounts that are subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget or resolution. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### h. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District is a basic aid district and receives funding computed from local property tax revenue. The Board shall establish and maintain a higher level of reserves in an attempt to close the state aid differential and protect the District during times of economic uncertainty and fluctuations in property tax revenues. The District Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts of not less than 15 percent of general fund operating expenditures and other financing uses.

### i. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

GASB Statement No. 54 defines a special revenue fund as a fund that has a special revenue source that is either restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. The Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) does not have continuing revenue sources that are either restricted or committed in nature. As such this fund does not meet the definition of special revenue funds under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54. This fund has been combined with the general fund for reporting purposes.

### j. <u>Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

### k. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources relating to pension, deferred inflows of resources relating to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan), and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain timeframes. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 1. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020

### 9. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### 10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### 11. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for

an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs to an asset or liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 12. New Accounting Pronouncements

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance

The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update 2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update 2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

There have been no adjustments to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### **B.** Compliance and Accountability

### 1. Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

ViolationAction TakenNone ReportedNot Applicable

### 2. <u>Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds</u>

The following funds are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
Enterprise Fund	\$ (3,000,703)	Consistent with the requirements in GASB Statement
		No. 68 & GASB Statement No. 75 the District has
		recorded the liability for Pension and Other Post
		Employment Benefits; however, the District has
		elected not to fully fund the liabilities at this time as a
		result of the volatile state economy and state budget.

#### C. Fair Value Measurements

The District's investments at June 30, 2020, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using			
			Significant		
		Quoted Prices in	Other	Significant	
		Active Markets	Observable	Unobservable	
		for Identical	Inputs	Inputs	
	Amount	Assets (Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
External investment pools measured at fair value					
San Diego County Treasury	\$ 101,847,04	7 \$ -	\$ 101,847,047	\$ -	
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 101,847,04	7 \$ -	\$ 101,847,047	\$ -	
Investments by fair value level					
Beneficial interests in investments held by					
CERBT trust fund	\$ 1,108,213	3 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,108,213	
Money Market Funds	28,912,812	2 -	28,912,812		
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 30,021,023	\$ -	\$ 28,912,812	\$ 1,108,213	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code §41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

Investments in money market funds are amounts held by fiscal agents for community facilities districts special tax bonds.

The District invests OPEB trust funds in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Strategy 1 portfolio. The CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio is invested in various asset classes in percentages approved by the CalPERS Board. Generally, equities are intended to help build the value of the employer's portfolio over the long term while bonds are intended to help provide income and stability of principal. Also, strategies invested in a higher percentage of equities seek higher investment returns (but assume more risk) compared with strategies invested in a higher percentage of bonds.

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Beneficial		
	It	nterests in	
	In	vestments	
		Held by	
	CE	RBT Trust	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	500,000	
Purchases/contributions of investments		600,000	
Investment return, net		8,804	
Distributions		-	
Administrative expenses		(591)	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	1,108,213	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### D. Cash and Investments

### 1. Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$101,847,047 as of June 30, 2020). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$101,847,047. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

### 2. Cash on Hand, In Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$328,317 as of June 30, 2020) and in revolving fund (\$25,000 as of June 30, 2020) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

### 3. Cash with Fiscal Agents & Investments

The District's cash with fiscal agent & investments at June 30, 2020 are shown below:

		Amount	
Account Type	Maturity	Reported	Fair Value
Money Market Funds	<30 Days	\$ 28,912,812	\$ 28,912,812
CERBT Investment Strategy 1	Varies	1,108,213	1,108,213
Total		\$ 30,021,025	\$ 30,021,025

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 4. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 5. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county treasury is restricted by Government Code §53635 pursuant to §53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of risk.

At June 30, 2020, credit risk for the District's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Unrated	Not Applicable	\$ 101,847,047
Money Market Funds	Unrated	Not Applicable	28,912,812
CERBT Investment Strategy 1	Unrated	Not Applicable	1,108,213

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At June 30, 2020, the District's bank balances exceeded FDIC limitations by \$103,317 and as such were exposed to custodial credit risk. Cash with fiscal agent investment balances of \$28,912,812 were not FDIC insured and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk. CERBT Investment Strategy 1 investment balance of \$1,108,213 were not FDIC insured and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District maintains pooled investments with the San Diego County Treasury with a fair value of \$101,847,047. The average weighted maturity for this pool was 516 days at June 30, 2020.

### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

### 6. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### E. Accounts Receivable

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end. Accounts receivable balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

		N	Iajor Go	vernmental Fun	ds				
						tal Project	onmajor		Total
						or Blended	 ernmental	Gov	ernmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	Comp	onent Unit	 Funds		Funds
Federal Government									
Special Education Programs	\$	976,964	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	976,964
Title II		18,112		-		-	-		18,112
Title III		15,896		-		-	-		15,896
Title IV		5,680		-		-	-		5,680
State Government									
LCFF State Aid		79,585		-		-	-		79,585
Education Protection Account		207,920		-		-	-		207,920
Lottery		217,104		-		-	-		217,104
Special Education Mental Health		73,045		-		-	-		73,045
Local Sources									
Interest		78,768		219,903		71,900	31,551		402,122
Special Education Programs		213,069		-		-	-		213,069
Other Local Sources		71,446					 15,207		86,653
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	1,957,589	\$	219,903	\$	71,900	\$ 46,758	\$	2,296,150
			F	oundation					
	Ente	erprise Fund	Tı	rust Fund					
Local Sources									
Interest	\$	5,786	\$	143					
Other Local Sources		5,603							
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	11,389	\$	143					

# F. Prepaid Expenses

As of June 30, 2020 prepaid expenses consisted of:

	Gen	eral Fund
Prepaid Service Contracts	\$	30,835

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

# G. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Ф 26 012 151	¢.	¢.	Ф 26 012 151
Land	\$ 36,813,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,813,151
Work in Progress	526,208	15,160,756		15,686,964
Total capital assets not being depreciated	37,339,359	15,160,756		52,500,115
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Improvements	3,324,509	60,820	313,245	3,072,084
Buildings	103,554,390	-	-	103,554,390
Equipment	4,509,986	284,686	14,320	4,780,352
Total capital assets being depreciated	111,388,885	345,506	327,565	111,406,826
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements	(1,973,326)	(120,549)	(301,217)	(1,792,658)
Buildings	(36,555,158)	(2,331,362)	-	(38,886,520)
Equipment	(2,068,661)	(440,382)	(14,320)	(2,494,723)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,597,145)	(2,892,293)	(315,537)	(43,173,901)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	70,791,740	(2,546,787)	12,028	68,232,925
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$108,131,099	\$ 12,613,969	\$ 12,028	\$120,733,040
	Beginning			Ending
Business-Type Activities	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 1,383,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,383,719
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,383,719	_		1,383,719
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(235,274)	(28,094)		(263,368)
Total accumulated depreciation	(235,274)	(28,094)	_	(263,368)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,148,445	(28,094)		1,120,351
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,148,445	\$ (28,094)	\$ -	\$ 1,120,351

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities
Instruction	\$	2,473,621	\$ -
Instruction-Related Services		40,260	-
Pupil Services		1,516	-
Community Services		6,000	-
Enterprise - Child Care Services		-	28,094
General Administration		267,993	-
Plant Services		102,903	 
Total	\$	2,892,293	\$ 28,094

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### H. Interfund Balances & Activities

### 1. Due to and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Interfund Receivable (Due From Other Funds)	Interfund Payable (Due To Other Funds)		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	General Fund	\$	400,001	School #9 Reserve Transfer
General Fund	Building Fund		75,736	Del Mar Heights Legal Fees
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units		6,483	Reimburse Expenses
General Fund	Child Care Services Enterprise Fund		30,679	Other Post Employment Benefits
General Fund	Child Care Services Enterprise Fund		106,345	Reimburse Expenses
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		68,900	Child Nutrition Program Contribution
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		257,075	Deferred Maintenance Transfer
Child Care Services Enterprise Fund	General Fund		732	Charges for Services
	Total	¢	0/15 051	

# 2. Transfers to and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount	Purpose		
General Fund	General Fund	\$ 400,000	School #9 Reserve Transfer		
General Fund	Building Fund	172,579	Capital Projects Expense Transfer		
Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Building Fund	336,797	Capital Projects Expense Transfer		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	68,900	Child Nutrition Program Contribution		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	1,680,699	Debt Service Transfers		
	Total	\$ 2,658,975			

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

# I. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

		M	lajor Gov	vernmental Fun						
	Ge	neral Fund	Building Fund		Fund 1	ital Project for Blended conent Unit	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Vendor payables Pension related payables	\$	754,056 570,611	\$	549,353 -	\$	12,371	\$	27,882 1,754	\$	1,343,662 572,365
Payroll and related benefits  Total Accounts Payable	\$	361,848 1,686,515	\$	549,353	\$	12,371	\$	29,636	\$	361,848 2,277,875
	5	Child Care Services								
Wandan nasablaa	Ente	rprise Fund								
Vendor payables Pension related payables Payroll and related benefits	\$	4,208 43,087 66,849								
Total Accounts Payable	\$	114,144								

### J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	Ger	neral Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
Federal Government								
Title I	\$	55,406	\$	-	\$	55,406		
Local Sources								
Prepaid Lunch Accounts				80,554		80,554		
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	55,406	\$	80,554	\$	135,960		
	S	nild Care ervices prise Fund						
Local Sources								
Prepaid Childcare Fees	\$	252,979						
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	252,979						

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### K. Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

Ending fund balance classifications of the governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	Major Governmental Funds									
	G	eneral Fund	Ві	uilding Fund	Fun	npital Project d for Blended nponent Unit		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable Fund Balances								_		
Revolving Cash	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000
Prepaid Items		30,835		-						30,835
Total Nonspendable	-	55,835		-		-		-		55,835
Restricted Fund Balances										
Capital Projects		-		51,115,232		46,563,467		768,926		98,447,625
Debt Service		-		-		-		8,592,124		8,592,124
Educational Programs		93,313		-		-				93,313
Mental Health		331,939		-		-				331,939
COVID-19 Response		10,371		-		-				10,371
Ongoing Major Maintenance		16,805		-						16,805
Total Restricted		452,428		51,115,232		46,563,467		9,361,050		107,492,177
Committed Fund Balances										
Deferred Maintenance		-		-		-		1,106,668		1,106,668
Total Committed		-				-		1,106,668		1,106,668
Assigned Fund Balances										
Capital Projects		808,219		-		-		5,892,181		6,700,400
Educational Programs		2,018,650		-		-				2,018,650
Minimum Reserve Policy		9,552,755		-		-				9,552,755
Total Assigned		12,379,624				-		5,892,181		18,271,805
Unassigned Fund Balances										
For Economic Uncertainty		1,910,551		-		-				1,910,551
Other Unassigned		1,199,873		_		_				1,199,873
Total Unassigned		3,110,424				-		-		3,110,424
Total Fund Balance	\$	15,998,311	\$	51,115,232	\$	46,563,467	\$	16,359,899	\$	130,036,909

# L. Short Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as other financing sources. For the year ended June 30, 2020 the District did not issue any short term debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### M. Long Term Obligations

### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Governmental Activities	]	Beginning Balance	 Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance		nounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds			 		,			_
Principal Balance	\$	-	\$ 55,285,000	\$ -	\$	55,285,000	\$	5,225,000
Bond Premium			 3,930,330	 		3,930,330		371,457
Total General Obligation Bonds			59,215,330			59,215,330		5,596,457
Special Tax Bonds								
Principal Balance		17,127,500	39,075,000	3,880,000		52,322,500		1,680,000
Bond Premium		1,176,964	4,541,376	48,956		5,669,384		176,760
Bond Discount		(30,900)		 (30,900)				
Total Special Tax Bonds		18,273,564	43,616,376	3,898,056		57,991,884		1,856,760
Capital Leases		811,605	119,080	287,874		642,811		290,710
Net OPEB Liability*		11,573,548	2,084,963	-		13,658,511		-
Net Pension Liability*		64,219,097	-	1,991,315		62,227,782		-
Compensated Absences*		306,576	45,047	-		351,623		351,623
Total Governmental Activities	\$	95,184,390	\$ 105,080,796	\$ 6,177,245	\$	194,087,941	\$	8,095,550
							An	nounts Due
	]	Beginning				Ending		Within
Business Type Activities		Balance	 Increases	Decreases		Balance		One Year
Net OPEB Liability*	\$	868,002	\$ 94,937	\$ -	\$	962,939	\$	-
Net Pension Liability*		4,066,925	1,316,016	-		5,382,941		-
Compensated Absences*		48,782	15,086			63,868		63,868
Total Business Type Activities	\$	4,983,709	\$ 1,426,039	\$ -	\$	6,409,748	\$	63,868

<sup>\*</sup>Other long-term liabilities

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made from the bond interest and redemption fund.
- Payments for special tax bonds are made from the debt service fund for blended component units.
- Payments for capital leases are made from the general fund.
- Payments for pension contributions are made from the general fund and the childcare services enterprise fund.
- Payments for OPEB contributions are made from the general fund and the childcare services enterprise fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are made from the general fund and the childcare services enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 2. General Obligation Bonds

The District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes.

On November 6, 2018, registered voters authorized the issuance of \$186,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds. The bonds were authorized to finance the repair, upgrading, acquisition, construction and equipping of certain District property and facilities and pay costs of issuance incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Bonds represent a general obligation of the District, payable solely from *ad* valorem taxes for the payment of the principal and of interest on the Bonds upon all property subject to taxation by the District without limitation of rate or amount (except as to certain personal property which is taxable at limited rates). Of the total amount originally authorized, \$130,715,000 remains unissued.

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Date	of Issue	In	terest Rate	Matur	ity Date	Amount of riginal Issue		
2018 Election, Series A	10/1	6/2019	1.	50 - 4.00%	8/1/	2044	\$ 55,285,000		
	Beg	inning					Ending	An	nounts Due Within
	Ba	lance		Increases	Deci	eases	 Balance		One Year
2018 Election, Series A									
Principal Balance	\$	-	\$	55,285,000	\$	-	\$ 55,285,000	\$	5,225,000
Premium		-		3,930,330		-	3,930,330		371,457
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	-	\$	59,215,330	\$	-	\$ 59,215,330	\$	5,596,457

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 5,225,000	\$ 1,766,918	\$ 6,991,918
2022	5,425,000	1,553,919	6,978,919
2023	960,000	1,426,219	2,386,219
2024	460,000	1,403,569	1,863,569
2025	540,000	1,389,319	1,929,319
2026-2030	4,335,000	6,506,094	10,841,094
2031-2035	7,835,000	5,307,494	13,142,494
2036-2040	12,485,000	3,513,744	15,998,744
2041-2045	18,020,000	1,409,334	19,429,334
Total	\$ 55,285,000	\$ 24,276,609	\$ 79,561,609

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### **Bond Premium**

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

Premiums issued on general obligation bonds resulted in effective interest rates as follows:

	2018
	Series A
Total Interest Payments on Bonds	\$ 24,822,440
Less Bond Premium	(3,930,330)
Net Interest Payments	20,892,110
Par Amount of Bonds	55,285,000
Periods	25
Effective Interest Rate	1.51%

### 3. Special Tax Bonds

On June 7, 2012 the Community Facilities District No. 99-1 of the District issued bonds under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 in order to refund previously issued special tax bonds that were used to fund public works projects within the District's boundaries. The bonds were issued with maturity dates beginning in 2013 and extending through 2038 with coupons varying in yield from 1.00% to 4.92%. The principal and interest payments will be made from special taxes assessed on the properties located within the Community Facilities District No. 99-1.

On August 30, 2017 the Community Facilities District No. 95-1 of the District issued refunding bonds in order to refund the 2007 special tax bonds issued under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The bonds were issued with maturity dates beginning in September 2018 and extending through September 2036 with coupons varying in interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%. The principal and interest payments will be made from special taxes assessed on the properties located within the Community Facilities District No. 95-1.

On December 3, 2019 the Community Facilities District No. 99-1 of the District issued bonds under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 in order to refund special tax bonds issued June 7, 2012 and to fund public works projects within the District's boundaries. The bonds were issued with maturity dates beginning September 2020 and extending through September 2049 with coupons varying in yield from 3.00% to 5.00%. The principal and interest payments will be made from special taxes assessed on the properties located within the Community Facilities District No. 99-1.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Special Tax Bonds as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

							A	Amount of	
	D	ate of Issue	Ir	nterest Rate	Ma	turity Date	Oı	riginal Issue	
2012 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds 2017 CFD 95-1 Special Tax Bonds 2019 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds Total Special Tax Bonds		6/7/2012 8/30/2017 12/3/2019	2	.00 - 4.92% .00 - 5.00% .00 - 5.00%		9/1/2038 9/1/2036 9/1/2049	\$	9,920,000 14,660,000 39,075,000 63,655,000	
		Beginning Balance		Increases	Γ	Decreases		Ending Balance	nounts Due Within One Year
2012 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds									
Principal balance	\$	3,305,000	\$	-	\$	3,305,000	\$	-	\$ -
Discount		(30,900)		-		(30,900)		-	-
2017 CFD 95-1 Special Tax Bonds									
Principal balance		13,822,500		-		575,000		13,247,500	595,000
Premium		1,176,964		-		48,956		1,128,008	50,659
2019 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds									
Principal balance		-		39,075,000		-		39,075,000	1,085,000
Premium				4,541,376		_		4,541,376	 126,101
Total Special Tax Bonds	\$	18,273,564	\$	43,616,376	\$	3,898,056	\$	57,991,884	\$ 1,856,760

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 2,053,875	\$ 3,733,875
2022	1,022,500	1,998,263	3,020,763
2023	1,375,000	1,952,925	3,327,925
2024	1,435,000	1,897,725	3,332,725
2025	1,485,000	1,836,300	3,321,300
2026-2030	8,525,000	8,064,725	16,589,725
2031-2035	10,340,000	6,163,025	16,503,025
2036-2040	8,250,000	4,381,700	12,631,700
2041-2045	8,215,000	2,846,300	11,061,300
2046-2050	9,995,000	1,030,900	11,025,900
Total	\$ 52,322,500	\$ 32,225,738	\$ 84,548,238

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### Bond Premium/Discount

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

Bond discount arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the discount decrease the face value of the bond and then amortize the discount over the life of the bond.

Premiums and discounts issued on special tax bonds resulted in effective interest rates as follows:

	CFD 99-1 2012 Bonds		CFD 95-1 017 Bonds	CFD 99-1 2019 Bonds		
		orz Borias	 or, Bellas		Jorg Borras	
Total Interest Payments on Bonds	\$	6,972,085	\$ 5,702,600	\$	28,286,646	
Plus Bond Discount		92,744	-		-	
Less Bond Premium			 (1,248,170)		(4,541,376)	
Net Interest Payments		7,064,829	4,454,430		23,745,270	
Par Amount of Bonds		9,920,000	14,660,000		39,075,000	
Periods		26	19		30	
Effective Interest Rate		2.74%	1.60%		2.03%	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### Refunding Special Tax Bonds

On December 3, 2019 CFD 99-1 issued \$2,765,000 in refunding special tax bonds to refund remaining amounts due on CFD 99-1 2012 special tax bonds. The result of the issuance of refunding bonds was an accounting loss of \$225,379 and an economic gain of \$400,702.

Refunding Bond Calculation of Gain/Loss on Refunding:

New Bonds: 2019 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds Refunding: 2012 CFD 99-1 Special Tax Bonds

Net Carrying Amount of Debt:	
Maturity Value of Old Debt	\$ 3,190,000
Unamortized Discount of Old Debt	(29,825)
	\$ 3,160,175
Reacquisition Price	
Maturity Value of New Debt	\$ 2,765,000
Premium on New Debt	352,046
Cash Contributed by District	 268,508
	\$ 3,385,554
Gain (Loss) on Refunding	\$ (225,379)
Refunding Bond Calculation of Economic Gain/Loss	
Prior Debt Service	\$ 4,833,275
Refunded Debt Service	3,979,075
Savings on Refunding	854,200
Less: Discount to Present Value	(184,990)
Less: Cash Contributed by District	 (268,508)
Economic Gain on Refunding	\$ 400,702

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 4. Capital Leases

On January 7, 2019 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Apple Financial to purchase computer equipment. The lease calls for annual payments of \$278,665 which includes principal and interest at a rate of 1.97%.

On August 27, 2019 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with De Lage Landen Public Finance to purchase copy machines. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$1,973 for 60 months. The payments include principal and interest at a rate of 4.251%.

On November 27, 2019 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with De Lage Landen Public Finance to purchase copy machines. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$254 for 57 months. The payments include principal and interest at a rate of 5.85%.

Future payment requirements on capital leases are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	290,710	\$	14,678	\$	305,388
2022		296,993		8,395		305,388
2023		24,779		1,943		26,722
2024		25,899		823		26,722
2025		4,430		23		4,453
Total	\$	642,811	\$	25,862	\$	668,673

### 5. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$415,491. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

### 6. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$68,286,022 and decreased by \$675,299 during the year ended June 30, 2020 for a ending net pension liability of \$67,610,723. See Note N for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

### 7. Net OPEB Liability

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$12,441,550 and increased by \$2,179,900 during the year ended June 30, 2020 for a ending net OPEB liability of \$14,621,450. See Note P for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### N. Pension Plans

### 1. General Information about the Pension Plans

### a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

### b. Benefits Paid

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	55-60	55-62	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	10.250%	10.205%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	17.100%	17.100%	
Requried State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	10.328%	10.328%	

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

	CalPERS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.5%	1.0 - 2.5%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	7.000%	7.000%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	19.721%	19.721%	

### c. Contributions

#### **CalSTRS**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019), California Education Code §22950 requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired before January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS board have been established at 17.10% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Rates are defined in Education Code §22950.5 through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2022 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

#### **CalPERS**

California Public Employees' Retirement Law §20814(c) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019), the employee contribution rate was 7.00% and the employer contribution rate was 19.721% of covered payroll.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### On Behalf Payments

Consistent with California Education Code §22955.1, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019) the State contributed 10.328% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Consistent with the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the States contribution for the fiscal year. Contributions made by the state on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

CalSTRS							
	On Behalf		On Behalf		On Behalf		
Year Ended	Contribution		Contribution		Pension		
June 30,	Rate		Amount	_	Expense		
2018	8.292%	\$	2,372,953	\$	1,002,796		
2019	14.975%		4,240,670		(863,557)		
2020	10.328%		3,621,075		986,768		
CalPERS							
	On Behalf		On Behalf		On Behalf		
Year Ended	Contribution		Contribution		Pension		
June 30,	Rate		Amount	_	Expense		
2019	8.473%	\$	814,273	\$	-		

The contributions made by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included amounts resulting from Senate Bill (SB) 90 settlement in which the State contributed an additional \$2.2 Billion to CalSTRS and \$904 Million to CalPERS during the 2018-19 fiscal year in order to reduce employer contribution rates in 2019-20 and 2020-21. In addition, the State contributed an additional \$1.1 Billion to CalSTRS during the 2019-20 fiscal year as a continuing settlement associated with SB90. As a result, on behalf contributions for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 are not comparable to the year June 30, 2018 as presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### d. Contributions Recognized

Contributions - State On Behalf Payments

**Total Governmental Contributions** 

Total Contributions Government Wide

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement period June 30, 2019), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

	Fund Financial Statements							
(Current Financial Resources Measuremen								
Governmental Funds	CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total			
Contributions - Employer \$	5,168,392	\$	1,511,742	\$	6,680,134			
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments_	3,606,776	_	-	_	3,606,776			
Total Governmental Funds Contribu \$	8,775,168	\$	1,511,742	\$	10,286,910			
	Enterprise Funds Financial Statements							
	(Economic	Res	ources Measu	ıren	nent Focus)			
Enterprise Funds	CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total			
Contributions - Employer \$	25,122	\$	443,136	\$	468,258			
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments_	14,299	_	-	_	14,299			
Total Enterprise FundsContributions \$ _	39,421	\$_	443,136	\$_	482,557			
	Government-Wide Financial Statements							
_	(Economic	Res	ources Measu	ıren	nent Focus)			
Governmental Activities	CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total			
Contributions - Employer \$	4,096,077	\$	1,172,352	\$	5,268,429			
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments_	3,606,776		-		3,606,776			
Total Governmental Contributions	7,702,853		1,172,352		8,875,205			
Business Type Activities								
Contributions - Employer	25,122		443,136		468,258			

14,299

39,421

7,742,274 \$

443,136

1,615,488 \$

14,299

482,557

9,357,762

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019 (measurement date) the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of the								
	N	et Pension Liabi	lity						
	Governmental	Sovernmental Business Type							
	Activities	Activities	Total						
CalSTRS	\$ 47,323,703 \$	273,662	\$ 47,597,365						
CalPERS	14,904,079	5,109,279	20,013,358						
Total	\$ 62,227,782 \$	5,382,941	\$ 67,610,723						

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to measurement date June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			CalPERS	
	District's State's Total For		District's	
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	Proportionate
	Share	Share*	Employees	Share
Governmental Activities				
Proportion June 30, 2019	0.0535%	0.0307%	0.0842%	0.0566%
Proportion June 30, 2020	0.0524%	0.0305%	0.0829%	0.0511%
Change in Proportion	-0.0011%	-0.0003%	-0.0013%	-0.0055%
Business Type Activities				
Proportion June 30, 2019	0.0004%	0.0002%	0.0007%	0.0138%
Proportion June 30, 2020	0.0003%	0.0002%	0.0005%	0.0175%
Change in Proportion	-0.0001%	-0.0001%	-0.0002%	0.0038%

<sup>\*</sup>Represents State's Proportionate Share on behalf of District employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

# a. Pension Expense

		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Governmental Activities				_
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,800,586) \$	(190,729) \$	(1,991,315)
State On Behalf Pension Expense		986,768	-	986,768
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense		5,168,392	1,511,742	6,680,134
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,316,680	417,031	2,733,711
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	(803,947)	1,286,381	482,434
Total Pension Expense	\$	5,867,307 \$	3,024,425 \$	8,891,732
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Business Type Activities				
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(125,214) \$	1,441,230 \$	1,316,016
State On Behalf Pension Expense		3,912	-	3,912
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense		20,490	549,057	569,547
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		32,748	(782,950)	(750,202)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	(48,864)	109,050	60,186
Total Pension Expense	\$	(116,928) \$	1,316,387 \$	1,199,459

# b. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2020, The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Governmental Activities				
Pension contributions subsequent ot measurement date	\$	5,168,392 \$	1,511,742 \$	6,680,134
Differences between actual and expected experience		100,709	1,363,944	1,464,653
Changes in assumptions		4,204,196	1,183,887	5,388,083
Changes in employer's proportionate share		1,132,039	209,684	1,341,723
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			<u> </u>	
Total Governmental Activities		10,605,336	4,269,257	14,874,593
Business Type Activities				
Pension contributions subsequent ot measurement date		20,490	549,057	569,547
Differences between actual and expected experience		762	394,477	395,239
Changes in assumptions		31,821	310,249	342,070
Changes in employer's proportionate share		23,226	864,093	887,319
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			<u> </u>	
Total Business Type Activities		76,299	2,117,876	2,194,175
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	10,681,635 \$	6,387,133 \$	17,068,768

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total	
Governmental Activities					
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(865,354) \$	- \$	(865,354)	
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-	
Changes in employer's proportionate share		(1,175,251)	(1,167,633)	(2,342,884)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	_	(3,117,399)	(168,719)	(3,286,118)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(5,158,004) \$	(1,336,352) \$	(6,494,356)	
Business Type Activities					
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(5,095) \$	- \$	(5,095)	
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-	
Changes in employer's proportionate share		(171,549)	(366,477)	(538,026)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		(25,052)	(2,949)	(28,001)	
Total Business Type Activities	\$	(201,696) \$	(369,426) \$	(571,122)	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		(5,359,700)	(1,705,778)	(7,065,478)	

Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five-year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

Government	al A	ctiv	ities
OUVCIIIICIII	$a_1 D$	Cuv	$\mathbf{u}$

	GO VOTIMIENICAT I TOUVINES							
	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows			nflows				
Year Ended	_	of Re	sou	irces		of Resou	rces	Net Effect
June 30,		CalSTRS		CalPERS		CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
				_		_		_
2021	\$	7,781,599	\$	2,631,287 \$	3	(2,226,066) \$	(149,258) \$	8,037,562
2022		2,613,207		1,035,029		(1,826,672)	(592,535)	1,229,029
2023		185,352		459,875		(675,068)	(341,827)	(371,668)
2024		25,178		143,066		(257,595)	(252,732)	(342,083)
2025		-		-		(172,603)	_	(172,603)
Thereafter		-		_		-	-	-
Total	\$	10,605,336	\$	4,269,257 \$	3 _	(5,158,004) \$	(1,336,352) \$	8,380,237

Business Type Activities

	Deferred Outflows				Deferred I			
Year Ended		of Resources			_	of Resou	Net Effect	
June 30, CalSTRS			CalPERS		CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses	
2021	\$	46,501	\$	1,088,086	\$	(74,012) \$	(94,615) \$	965,960
2022		22,759		465,833		(74,030)	(235,713)	178,849
2023		6,850		313,662		(27,696)	(52,529)	240,287
2024		189		250,295		(24,305)	13,431	239,610
2025		_		_		(856)	-	(856)
Thereafter		-		-		(797)	-	(797)
Total	\$	76,299	\$_	2,117,876	\$	(201,696) \$	(369,426) \$	1,623,053

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### c. Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were based on actuarial valuations determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS	
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%	
Inflation	2.75%	2.50%	
Wage Growth	3.50%	(3)	
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.15%	
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(1)	(4)	
Mortality	(2)	(5)	

- (1) CalSTRS post retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple for DB (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level for DB. Increases are not applicable for DBS/CBB.
- (2) CalSTRS projects mortality by setting the projection scale equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) tables issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Wage growth is a component of inflation for CalPERS assumptions.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for CalSTRS and 7.15% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed the contributions from the plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate, and the use of the Discount bond rate calculations is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in detailed reports that can be obtained from CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. The last ALM completed by CalSTRS was conducted in 2015. CalSTRS is in process of completing the next ALM with an initial expected completion date of November 2019. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2018 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2018. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

#### **CalSTRS**

	Assumed	Long-Term	
	Asset	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*	
Global Equity	47.00%	4.80%	
Fixed Income	12.00%	1.30%	
Real Estate	13.00%	3.60%	
Private Equity	13.00%	6.30%	
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.00%	1.80%	
Inflation Sensitive	4.00%	3.30%	
Cash/Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	
*20 year average			

#### **CalPERS**

	Assumed	Real Return	Real Return
	Asset	Years	Years
Asset Class*	Allocation	1-10**	11+***
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

<sup>\*</sup>In the basic financial statements, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% is used for this period.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% is used for this period.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Governmental Activities		
	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	
1% Decrease		6.10%	6.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	70,543,651 \$	21,977,319	
Current Discount Rate		7.10%	7.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	47,323,703 \$	14,904,079	
1% Increase		8.10%	8.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	29,595,401 \$	9,384,780	
		Business Type Activities		
		CalSTRS CalPERS		
1% Decrease		6.10%	6.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	407,938 \$	6,805,581	
Current Discount Rate		7.10%	7.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	273,662 \$	5,109,279	
1% Increase		8.10%	8.15%	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

# 1. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

### **CalSTRS Governmental Activities**

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2019					
(Previously Reported) \$	266,618,908 \$	189,264,466 \$	77,354,442 \$	28,230,153 \$	49,124,289
Changes for the year:			_	·	
CalSTRS Auditor Adjustment	-	(1,507)	1,507	554	953
Change in prop. share	(4,146,617)	(2,943,554)	(1,203,063)	(235,282)	(967,781)
Service cost	5,845,562	-	5,845,562	2,148,952	3,696,610
Interest	18,608,025	-	18,608,025	6,840,707	11,767,318
Difference between					
expected and actual					
experience	(1,530,369)	-	(1,530,369)	(562,596)	(967,773)
Change in benefits	26,514	-	26,514	9,747	16,767
Contributions:					
Employer	-	4,676,840	(4,676,840)	(1,719,306)	(2,957,534)
Employee	-	3,022,623	(3,022,623)	(1,111,180)	(1,911,443)
State On Behalf	-	4,420,305	(4,420,305)	(1,624,998)	(2,795,307)
Net investment income	-	12,343,897	(12,343,897)	(4,537,880)	(7,806,017)
Other income	-	105,728	(105,728)	(38,868)	(66,860)
Benefit payments, including					
refunds of employee					
contributions	(12,673,790)	(12,673,790)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	-	(210,418)	210,418	77,354	133,064
Borrowing costs	-	(87,253)	87,253	32,076	55,177
Other expenses		(3,542)	3,542	1,302	2,240
Net changes	6,129,325	8,649,329	(2,520,004)	(719,418)	(1,800,586)
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	272,748,233 \$	197,913,795 \$	74,834,438 \$	27,510,735 \$	47,323,703

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

# **CalSTRS Business Type Activities**

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share			
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)			
Balance at June 30, 2019								
(Previously Reported) \$	2,163,589 \$	1,535,865 \$	627,724 \$	228,848 \$	398,876			
Changes for the year:								
CalSTRS Auditor Adjustment	-	(9)	9	3	6			
Change in prop. share	(646,226)	(458,736)	(187,490)	(67,092)	(120,398)			
Service cost	33,794	-	33,794	12,417	21,377			
Interest	107,574	-	107,574	39,526	68,048			
Difference between								
expected and actual								
experience	(8,847)	-	(8,847)	(3,251)	(5,596)			
Change in benefits	153	-	153	56	97			
Contributions:								
Employer	-	27,037	(27,037)	(9,934)	(17,103)			
Employee	-	17,474	(17,474)	(6,420)	(11,054)			
State On Behalf	-	25,554	(25,554)	(9,389)	(16,165)			
Net investment income	-	71,361	(71,361)	(26,220)	(45,141)			
Other income	-	611	(611)	(225)	(386)			
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of employee								
contributions	(73,268)	(73,268)	-	-	-			
Administrative expenses	-	(1,216)	1,216	447	769			
Borrowing costs	-	(504)	504	185	319			
Other expenses		(21)	21	8	13			
Net changes	(586,820)	(391,717)	(195,103)	(69,889)	(125,214)			
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	1,576,769 \$	1,144,148 \$	432,621 \$	158,959 \$	273,662			

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## **CalPERS Governmental Activities**

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total	Plan	Net				
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability				
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
Balance at June 30, 2019							
(Previously Reported) \$	51,777,844 \$	36,683,036 \$	15,094,808				
Changes for the year:							
Change in prop. share	(5,006,481)	(3,546,940)	(1,459,541)				
Service cost	1,138,763	-	1,138,763				
Interest	3,356,529	-	3,356,529				
Difference between							
expected and actual							
experience	715,330	-	715,330				
Change in assumptions	-	-	-				
Contributions:							
Employer	-	1,292,654	(1,292,654)				
Employee	-	518,585	(518,585)				
Plan to plan res. movement	-	155	(155)				
Net Investment income	-	2,153,945	(2,153,945)				
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee							
contributions	(2,223,230)	(2,223,230)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(23,605)	23,605				
Other expenses		76	(76)				
Net changes	(2,019,089)	(1,828,360)	(190,729)				
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	49,758,755 \$	34,854,676 \$	14,904,079				

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### **CalPERS Business Type Activities**

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total	Plan	Net				
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability				
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
Balance at June 30, 2019							
(Previously Reported) \$	12,582,054 \$	8,914,004 \$	3,668,050				
Changes for the year:							
Change in prop. share	3,451,673	2,445,406	1,006,267				
Service cost	390,380	-	390,380				
Interest	1,150,654	-	1,150,654				
Difference between							
expected and actual							
experience	245,223	-	245,223				
Change in assumptions	-	-	-				
Contributions:							
Employer	-	443,136	(443,136)				
Employee	-	177,777	(177,777)				
Plan to plan res. movement	-	53	(53)				
Net Investment income	-	738,395	(738,395)				
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee							
contributions	(762,147)	(762,147)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(8,092)	8,092				
Other expenses		26	(26)				
Net changes	4,475,783	3,034,554	1,441,229				
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	17,057,837 \$	11,948,558 \$	5,109,279				

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports available on their respective websites.

#### O. Alternative Pension Plan

The District Participates in one alternative pension plan through the Fringe Benefit Consortium (FBC) Deferred Compensation Program. The FBC was formed in October 1982 as part of a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) of the San Diego County Office of Education. The FBC provides 401(a), 457(b), and 403(b) investment programs. Under these plans, eligible employees will contribute up to \$17,500 per year of their salary before taxes. The catch-up contribution limit for those age 50 and over is \$5,500. The District does not have any obligation with regards to this voluntary plan offered to employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### P. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

#### 1. General Information about the OPEB Plan

#### Plan Description

The California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) administers the Del Mar Union School District Retiree Benefits Plan (Plan) through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible employees.

The Plan provides retiree medical (including prescription drug benefits), dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents until the retiree turns age 65. The District's financial obligation is to provide these benefits at the same cost as active employees. The District's contribution is subject to an annual maximum of \$10,500. The annual maximum is subject to periodic changes. Hourly and most part-time employees are not eligible for retiree health benefits.

### Plan Eligibility

Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement from CalPERS or CalSTRS on or after age 55 with age plus District years of service greater than or equal to 75. The District does not provide any retiree health benefits after a retiree turns 65. Dependent coverage ceases upon the death of the retiree or when the retiree turns age 65.

#### Premium Rates

The District currently offers a Kaiser HMO Plan, two California Care Plans, an Anthem PPO Plan and an Anthem High Deductible Health Plan. The District also offers a Delta Dental Plan and a VSP Vision Plan through the San Diego Fringe Benefits Consortium.

The premiums billed for retiree medical coverage under age 65 are the same as those for active medical coverage. Thus, the District is providing a "rate subsidy" to the retirees based on this blended rate. GASB 75 requires that when an employer provides benefits to both active employees and retirees through the same plan, the benefits to retirees should be segregated and measured independently. This requires valuing any "rate subsidy" as an additional financial obligation to the District.

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At measurement date, June 30, 2020, Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	380
	390

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### 2. <u>Investments</u>

### Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the CalPERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of CalPERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The CERBT provides participating employers with the choice of three investment allocation strategies. The expected rate of return of assets is dependent on the funding strategy of a participating employer and which investment allocation strategy is selected. For employers fully funding their annual required contribution, strategy 1 has a CERBT published median yield of 7.28%, strategy 2 has a published median yield of 6.73%, and strategy 3 has a published median of 6.12%. The District has elected to participate in CERBT Strategy 1. The Objective of CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio is to seek returns that reflect the broad investment performance of the financial markets through capital appreciation and investment income. There is no guarantee that the portfolio will achieve its investment objective.

### **Investment Strategy**

The CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio is invested in various asset classes in percentages approved by the CalPERS Board. Generally equities are intended to help build the value of the Plans portfolio over the long term while bonds are intended to help provide income and stability of principal. Also, strategies invested in a higher percentage of equities seek higher investment returns (but assume more risk) compared with strategies invested in a higher percentage of bonds.

The CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio consists of the following asset classes and corresponding benchmarks:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Target Range	Benchmark
Global Equity	59%	+ or - 5%	MSCI All Country World Indix IMI (net)
Fixed Income	25%	+ or - 5%	Bloomberg Barclays Long Liability Index
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5%	+ or - 3%	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. TIPS Index, Series L
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%	+ or - 5%	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Liquid Index
Commodities	3%	+ or - 3%	S&P GSCI Total Return Index
Cash	0%	+ 2%	91 Day Treasury Bill

Target Allocations were approved by the CalPERS Board at the October 2018 Investment Committee Meeting.

#### **Concentrations**

The Plan holds investments explicitly in the CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio which represents an amount greater than 5% of the Plan's fiduciary net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### Performance

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the CERBT Strategy 1 performed as follows:

-	1 Month	3 Months	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*	Since Inception* (June 1, 2007)
Gross Return <sup>1,3</sup>	3.54%	10.72%	7.95%	11.61%	7.70%	8.33%	8.59%	5.36%
Net Return <sup>2,3</sup>	3.53%	10.69%	7.93%	11.51%	7.61%	8.23%	8.49%	5.29%
Benchmark Returns	3.53%	10.64%	7.91%	11.18%	7.37%	7.90%	8.28%	4.93%
Standard Deviation <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	11.75%	10.11%	9.97%	12.82%

Performance quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results that may be achieved by the fund.

The time-weighted rate of return for CERBT Strategy 1 was 6.5% as of the most recent CalPERS investment report dated June 30, 2019.

#### Expenses

CERBT is a self-funded trust in which participating employers pay for all administrative and investment expenses. Expenses reduce the gross investment return by the fee amount. The larger the expenses, the greater the reduction in investment return. Currently, CERBT expense ratios are 0.10% which consist of administrative expenses borne by CalPERS to administer and oversee the Trust assets, investment management and administrative fees paid to SSGA to manage all asset classes, and recordkeeping fees paid to Northeast Retirement Services to administer individual employer accounts. The expenses described herein are reflected in the net asset value per unit. The expense ratio is subject to change at any time and without prior notification due to factors such as changes to average fund assets or market conditions. CalPERS reviews the operating expenses annually and changes may be made as appropriate. Even if the portfolio loses money during a period, the expenses will still be charged.

<sup>\*</sup>Returns for periods greater than one year are annualized

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Gross performance figures are provided net of SSGA operating expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Net performance figures deduct all expenses to the fund, including investment management, administrative and recordkeeping fees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See expenses below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Standard deviation is based on gross returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### 3. Net OPEB Liability of the District and the Plan

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Fiscal Year

Measurement Date

Funding Policy

Discount Rate

Inflation

Salary Increases

July 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup>

June 30, 2020

Pay-as-you-go

2.59% per annum

2.75% per annum

3.00% per annum

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% decreasing to 4.50% Retiree's Share of Costs 0.00% of projected premiums

The discount rate is a blended rate between the rate of return at 7.00% and 2.45%, the resulting rate using the average of three 20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, and Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Mortality rates are based on the SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019 for CalPERS members and the SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019 for CalSTRS members.

The actuarial cost method used to determine the allocation of the retiree health actuarial liability to the past (accrued), current and future periods is the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method. The EAN cost method is a projected benefit cost method which means the cost is based on the projected benefit expected to be paid at retirement.

The EAN normal cost equals the level of annual amount of contribution from the employee's date of hire (entry date) to their retirement date that is sufficient to fund the projected benefit. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, the normal cost is calculated to remain level as a percentage of pay. The EAN actuarial accrued liability equals the present value of all future benefits for retired and current employees and their beneficiaries less the portion expected to be funded by future normal costs.

All employees eligible as of the measurement date in accordance with provisions of the Plan were included in the valuation.

Assets of the Plan are valued on a fair market value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
		otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary	Net OPEB			
		Liability		et Position		Liability		
Governmental Activities		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	12,073,548	\$	471,443	\$	11,602,105		
Service Cost		745,173		-		- 745,173		
Interest		411,724		_		411,724		
Changes in Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and		-		-		- -		
Actual Experience		828,713		-		828,713		
Changes in Assumptions		879,516		-		879,516		
Contributions - Employer		-		800,870		(800,870)		
Net Investment Income		-		8,415		(8,415)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						-		
of Employee Contributions		(227,349)		(227,349)		-		
Administrative Expenses			-	(565)		565		
Net Changes		2,637,777		581,371		2,056,406		
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	14,711,325	\$	1,052,814	\$	13,658,511		
			Increa	se (Decrease)				
	T	otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	Net OPEB		
		Liability	No	et Position		Liability		
Business Type Activities		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	896,559	\$	28,557	\$	868,002		
Service Cost		34,402		-		34,402		
Interest		19,008		_		19,008		
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-		-		
Differences Between Expected and						-		
Actual Experience		38,260		-		38,260		
Changes in Assumptions		40,605		-		40,605		
Contributions - Employer		-		36,975		(36,975)		
Net Investment Income		-		389		(389)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						-		
of Employee Contributions		(10,496)		(10,496)		-		
Administrative Expenses				(26)		26		
Net Changes		121,779		26,842		94,937		
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	1,018,338	\$	55,399	\$	962,939		

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease (1.59%)		Rate (2.59%)		1% Increase (3.59%)	
Net OPEB Liability - Governmental Activities	\$	14,941,215	\$	13,658,511	\$	12,455,386
Net OPEB Liability - Business Type Activities		1,053,371		962,939		878,117
Total Net OPEB Liability	\$	15,994,586	\$	14,621,450	\$	13,333,503

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current		
			Hea	althcare Cost		
	1%	6 Decrease	ase Trend Rates		1% Increase	
	5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
	Decreasing to		Decreasing to		Decreasing to	
		3.50%	4.50%		5.50%	
Net OPEB Liability - Governmental Activities	\$	11,846,471	\$	13,658,511	\$	15,780,351
Net OPEB Liability - Business Type Activities		835,188		962,939		1,112,531
Total Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,681,659	\$	14,621,450	\$	16,892,882

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,349,052. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
		vernmental activities		ness Type ctivities	Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Differences between projected and actual earnings Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	736,634 991,328 36,074 1,764,036	\$	34,009 48,786 1,666 84,461	\$	770,643 1,040,114 37,740 1,848,497
		Defe	erred Inf	lows of Reso	urces	
	Governmental Business Type			ness Type		
	Activities		Activities			Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	301,082 301,082	\$	18,238 18,238	<u>\$</u>	319,320 319,320
Total Deferred fillows of Resources	<u> </u>	301,082	Ф	10,238	<u> </u>	319,320

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Governmental Activities								
	Deferred	Deferred	Net Effect on					
Year Ended	Outflows of	Inflows of	OPEB					
June 30,	Resources	Resources	Expense					
2021	\$ 228,756	\$ (43,012)	\$ 185,744					
2022	228,756	(43,012)	185,744					
2023	228,756	(43,012)	185,744					
2024	228,754	(43,012)	185,742					
2025	219,737	(43,012)	176,725					
Thereafter	629,277	(86,022)	543,255					
Total	\$ 1,764,036	\$ (301,082)	\$ 1,462,954					

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Business Type Activities								
	D	Deferred		Deferred		Effect on		
Year Ended	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of	(	OPEB		
June 30,	Re	Resources		Resources		Resources		xpense
2021	\$	10,992	\$	(2,605)	\$	8,387		
2022		10,992		(2,605)		8,387		
2023		10,992		(2,605)		8,387		
2024		10,994		(2,605)		8,389		
2025		10,576		(2,605)		7,971		
Thereafter		29,915		(5,213)		24,702		
Total	\$	84,461	\$	(18,238)	\$	66,223		

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District did not have any payables to the OPEB plan outstanding.

### Q. Risk Management

The District is exposed to risk of losses due to:

- Torts,
- Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets,
- Business interruption,
- Errors or omissions,
- Job related illness or injuries to employees,
- Natural disasters.
- Other risks associated with public entity risk pools

Risk management is the process of managing the District's activities to minimize the adverse effects of these risks. The main element of risk management are risk control (to minimize the losses that strike an organization) and risk financing (to obtain finances to provide for or restore the economic damages of those losses). Risk financing techniques include risk retention, risk transfer to and from an insurer, and risk transfer to a non-insurer.

The District has implemented the risk financing technique of risk transfer to an insurer. The District has purchased property & liability insurance as well as workers compensation insurance to cover any losses resulting from the risks identified above.

There have been no significant changes in property and liability or workers compensation coverage during the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

### R. Participation in Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of two joint powers agreements (JPA) entities, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM) and the San Diego County Schools Fringe Benefits Consortium (SDCSFBC) for the operation of a common risk management and insurance programs for property and liability coverage, workers compensation, and other employee benefits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

### S. Commitments and Contingencies

#### 1. State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

### 2. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## 3. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

As of June 30, 2020, the District had outstanding commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects in the amount of \$4,537,940. Of this amount \$3,884,459 is related to Measure MM Bond Program.

2019-2020 Capital Project Commitments									
Project Name	Contractor Name	Type of Service	Commitment Amount	Expenditures through June 30, 2020	Remaining Commitment as of June 30, 2020				
Landscaping and Field Renovation, Torrey Hills School	3-D Enterprises, Inc	General Contractor	860,000	-	860,000				
Landscaping and Field Renovation, Torrey Hills School	Consulting & Inspection Services, LLC	DSA Project Inspection	9,226	328	8,898				
Landscaping and Field Renovation, Torrey Hills School	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services	105,482	60,673	44,809				
Pacific Highlands Ranch School #9: Preconstruction	Erickson-Hall Construction	General Contractor	165,648	77,085	88,563				
Pacific Highlands Ranch School #9	OBR Architecture, Inc.	Architectural Services	2,382,620	1,327,972	1,054,648				
Pacific Highlands Ranch School #9	OBR Architecture, Inc.	Architectural Services Stormwater Plan	11,100	-	11,100				
Pacific Highlands Ranch School #9	Nova Services, Inc.	Geotechnical Services	15,300	14,903	398				
Pacific Highlands Ranch School #9	Placeworks	Environmental	69,365	68,374	991				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild Preliminary and Preconstruction	Balfour Beatty Construction Company	General Contractor	215,000	215,000	-				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services	2,287,500	1,499,132	788,368				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services Fire Sprinklers	228,987	149,986	79,001				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services Interim Housing	88,695	62,087	26,608				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services Classroom Redesign	129,430	129,430	-				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services Solar Bridging	12,337	6,169	6,169				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Consulting & Inspection Services, LLC	DSA Project Inspection	442,090	-	442,090				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Nova Services, Inc.	Special Inspection & Material Testing	317,235	-	317,235				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Placeworks	Environmental Consulting	152,734	152,734	-				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Air America Testing	Asbestos Surgey & Abatement	20,966	8,971	11,995				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Nova Services, Inc.	Geotechnical Services	16,800	16,653	148				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Elite Relocation	Moving Services	22,289	22,289	-				
Del Mar Heights School Rebuild	Engineering Economics	Commissioning Services	35,675	3,631	32,044				
Del Mar Hills Academy Field Replacement Project	Baker Nowicki Design Studio	Architectural Services	115,296	3,900	111,396				
	Total Me	asure MM Commitments			\$ 3,884,458.90				
Pavement Resurfacing Project, Carmel Del Mar School	J & S Asphalt Paving, Sealing & Striping Co. Inc	General Contractor	\$ 171,508.00	\$ -	\$ 171,508.00				
Pavement Resurfacing Project, Sage Canyon School	Superior Paving Co. Inc. dba United Paving Co.	General Contractor	\$ 214,637.00	\$ -	\$ 214,637.00				
Pavement Resurfacing Project, Torrey Hills School	LC Paving & Sealing, Inc.	General Contractor	\$ 267,336.00	\$ -	\$ 267,336.00				
	· r	otal Other Commitments			\$ 653,481.00				
		Total Commitments			\$ 4,537,939.90				

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### T. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The District issued refunding special tax bonds and as a result of the calculated gain or loss, a loss on refunding was recognized as a deferred outflow of resources. The loss on refunding will be amortized over the life of the refunding bonds.

The District issued special tax bonds which included prepaid debt insurance which has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources to be amortized over the life of the bonds.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments made subsequent to the pension plan measurement date and other items as outlined in the GASB pronouncement have been recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 certain items related to OPEB as identified in the GASB statement are recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

-		eginning			-			- " I		
Description	Balance		lr	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:										
Refunding Losses	\$	955,068	\$	225,379	\$	51,763	\$	1,128,684		
Prepaid Debt Insurance		57,832		441,393		5,572		493,653		
Pension Related										
CalSTRS	1	2,922,016		5,168,392		7,485,072		10,605,336		
CalPERS		4,686,288		2,227,072		2,644,103		4,269,257		
OPEB Related		239,470		1,753,322		228,756		1,764,036		
Total Governmental Activities	1	8,860,674		9,815,558	1	0,415,266		18,260,966		
Business Type Activities:										
Pension Related										
CalSTRS		109,047		20,490		53,238		76,299		
CalPERS		1,334,926		1,800,547		1,017,597		2,117,876		
OPEB Related		14,506		80,947		10,992		84,461		
Total Business Type Activities		1,458,479		1,901,984		1,081,827		2,278,636		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2	0,319,153	\$	11,717,542	\$ 1	1,497,093	\$	20,539,602		

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Future amortization of deferred outflows is as follows:

C 1	I A . 4
Governmental	I Activities

Year Ended	Ref	unding	I	Prepaid		Prepaid		Pension		OPEB		
June 30,	Lo	osses	In	Insurance		Insurance		Related		Related		Total
2021	\$	63,031	\$	17,828		\$ 10,412,886	\$	228,756	\$	10,722,501		
2022		63,031		17,828		3,648,236		228,756		3,957,851		
2023		63,031		17,828		645,227		228,756		954,842		
2024		63,031		17,828		168,244		228,754		477,857		
2025		63,031		17,828		-		219,737		300,596		
Thereafter	:	813,529		404,513	_			629,277		1,847,319		
Total	\$ 1,	128,684	\$	493,653	_	\$ 14,874,593	\$	\$ 1,764,036		18,260,966		

Business	

	Dus	siness Type Acti	VILICS
Year Ended	Pension	OPEB	
June 30,	Related	Related	Total
2021	\$ 1,134,587	\$ 10,992	\$ 1,145,579
2022	488,592	10,992	499,584
2023	320,512	10,992	331,504
2024	250,484	10,994	261,478
2025	-	10,576	10,576
Thereafter		29,915	29,915
Total	\$ 2,194,175	\$ 84,461	\$ 2,278,636

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### **U.** Deferred Inflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, items as outlined in the GASB statement have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 certain items related to OPEB as identified in the GASB statement are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	]	Beginning						
Description	Balance		Increases			Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Pension Related								
CalSTRS	\$	5,961,951	\$	1,392,721	\$	2,196,668	\$	5,158,004
CalPERS		49,971		1,263,656		(22,725)		1,336,352
OPEB Related		344,094			43,012			301,082
Total Governmental Activities		6,356,016	2,656,377		2,216,955			6,795,438
Business Type Activities:								
Pension Related								
CalSTRS		152,832		122,855		73,991		201,696
CalPERS		478,476		(67,151)		41,899		369,426
OPEB Related	20,843		-		2,605			18,238
Total Business Type Activities		652,151		55,704		118,495		589,360
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,008,167	\$	2,712,081	\$	2,335,450	\$	7,384,798

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Future amortization of deferred inflows is as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ended	Pension	OPEB						
June 30,	Related	Related	Total					
2021	\$ 2,375,324	\$ 43,012	\$ 2,418,336					
2022	2,419,207	43,012	2,462,219					
2023	1,016,895	43,012	1,059,907					
2024	510,327	43,012	553,339					
2025	172,603	43,012	215,615					
Thereafter		86,022	86,022					
Total	\$ 6,494,356	\$ 301,082	\$ 6,795,438					

		Business Type Activities							
Year Ended	]	Pension		OPEB					
June 30,		Related		R	elated	_		Total	
2021	\$	168,627		\$	2,605		\$	171,232	
2022		309,743		2,605				312,348	
2023		80,225		2,605				82,830	
2024		10,874		2,605				13,479	
2025		856		2,605		5		3,461	
Thereafter		797		5,213				6,010	
Total	\$	\$ 571,122		\$	18,238	_	\$	589,360	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

## V. Upcoming Accounting Guidance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issues pronouncements and additional guidance for governmental agencies to establish consistent accounting across all governments in the United States. The following table represents items that have been issued by GASB that will become effective in future periods:

Description	Date Issued	Fiscal Year Effective
GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities	01/2017	2020-21
GASB Statement 87, Leases	06/2017	2021-22
GASB Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period	06/2018	2021-22
GASB Statement 90, Majority Equity Interest – an amendment of GASB Statements 14 and 61	08/2018	2020-21
GASB Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations	05/2019	2022-23
GASB Statement 92, Omnibus 2020	01/2020	2021-22
GASB Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates	03/2020	2020-21
GASB Statement 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	03/2020	2022-23
GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	05/2020	2022-23
GASB Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements 14, 84 and supersession of GASB Statement 32	06/2020	2021-22
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2019	04/2019	2020-21
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities	06/2019	2020-21
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases	08/2019	2021-22
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2020-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2020	04/2020	2021-22

The effects of the upcoming guidance and pronouncements on the District's financial statements has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

#### W. COVID-19 Considerations

In March 2020 the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the novel coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. The nature of the pandemic resulted in a mandatory school property closure affecting the Del Mar Union School District from March 17, 2020 and continuing into the Fall of 2020-21 school year. California Governor Gavin Newsom issued a state-wide executive order mandating that schools remain closed until the county in which the school is located is off the COVID-19 watch list for fourteen consecutive days. The 2020-21 fiscal year opened in a fully distance learning model. On September 8, 2020 parents were given an option to have their children in a distance learning or in classroom program and all classes were deemed safe to re-open.

In addition to school closures, new regulations and safety measures were required to be put in place by all schools in California as part of a re-opening plan. The Del Mar Union School District has established a re-opening plan that they believe will provide a safe environment for the students and teachers.

The federal and state government have provided schools with some funds to assist in the additional costs that resulted from the COVID-19 pandemic. Additionally, for the 2019-20 fiscal year, the state placed all school districts in a hold harmless state shifting attendance reporting periods to a point prior to the pandemic to prevent sudden losses of attendance from impacting funding for the 2019-20 fiscal year. Finally, funding for the 2020-21 fiscal year is frozen at amounts provided in 2019-20, with adjustments based on the Governor's budget. The District has established their 2020-21 budget with this in consideration.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance to	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
LCFF Sources					
State Apportionment	\$ 1,170,350	\$ 1,170,350	\$ 1,170,328	\$ (22)	
Education Protection Account	828,200	828,200	828,512	312	
Property Taxes	51,165,691	51,165,691	51,381,406	215,715	
Federal Revenue	1,273,877	1,397,904	1,276,145	(121,759)	
Other State Revenue	3,503,338	4,268,205	5,585,115	1,316,910	
Interest Income	200,000	300,000	324,273	24,273	
Other Local Revenue	3,382,800	3,874,576	4,215,328	340,752	
Total Revenues	61,524,256	63,004,926	64,781,107	1,776,181	
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures:					
Certificated Salaries	30,707,222	31,011,575	30,412,256	599,319	
Classified Salaries	8,412,814	8,508,167	8,301,105	207,062	
Employee Benefits	14,653,282	15,160,056	16,283,200	(1,123,144)	
Books and Supplies	1,613,470	2,254,004	2,298,641	(44,637)	
Services and Other Operating	5,380,982	5,712,952	5,391,280	321,672	
Other Outgo	37,000	18,829	19,221	(392)	
Capital Outlay	110,820	191,911	329,342	(137,431)	
Debt Service	110,020	171,711	327,3 12	(137,131)	
Principal	270,318	270,318	287,874	(17,556)	
Interest	8,348	8,348	12,296	(3,948)	
Total Expenditures	61,194,256	63,136,160	63,335,215	(199,055)	
Tour Emperationes	01,191,230			(155,000)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	330,000	(131,234)	1,445,892	1,577,126	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interfund Transfers In	70,000	172,578	172,579	(1)	
Interfund Transfers Out	(400,000)	(400,000)	(468,900)	68,900	
Proceeds from Capital Leases	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	119,080	(119,080)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(330,000)	(227,422)	(177,241)	(50,181)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(358,656)	1,268,651	1,627,307	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,921,442	13,921,442	13,921,442		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 13,921,442	\$ 13,562,786	\$ 15,190,093	\$ 1,627,307	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

		Fiscal Year								
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0527%	0.0539%	0.0530%	0.0512%	0.0542%	0.0522%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 47,597,365	\$ 49,523,165	\$ 48,997,884	\$ 41,411,776	\$ 36,459,211	\$ 30,524,550	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	27,669,694	28,636,508	28,636,508	25,447,653	19,718,501	16,850,259	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 75,267,059	\$ 78,159,673	\$ 77,634,392	\$ 66,859,429	\$ 56,177,712	\$ 47,374,809	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll**	28,385,842	27,803,148	27,803,148	25,125,079	24,745,763	22,885,964	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	167.68%	178.12%	176.23%	164.82%	147.34%	133.38%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.56%	70.99%	69.46%	70.04%	74.02%	76.52%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

		Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,188,882	\$ 4,610,206	\$ 4,129,320	\$ 3,524,138	\$ 2,729,535	\$ 2,222,307	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(5,188,882)	(4,610,206)	(4,129,320)	(3,524,138)	(2,729,535)	(2,222,307)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's covered payroll**	\$ 30,344,340	\$ 28,318,219	\$ 28,385,842	\$ 27,803,148	\$ 25,125,079	\$ 24,745,763	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.10%	16.28%	14.55%	12.68%	10.86%	8.98%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0687%	0.0704%	0.0701%	0.0731%	0.0697%	0.0709%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 20,013,358	\$ 18,762,857	\$ 16,740,449	\$ 14,430,024	\$ 10,273,359	\$ 8,049,024	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll**	\$ 9,610,215	\$ 9,382,821	\$ 9,006,445	\$ 8,847,708	\$ 7,750,726	\$ 5,792,973	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	208.25%	199.97%	185.87%	163.09%	132.55%	138.94%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.05%	70.85%	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,060,799	\$ 1,735,797	\$ 1,457,246	\$ 1,250,815	\$ 1,048,188	\$ 912,338	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,060,799)	(1,735,797)	(1,457,246)	(1,250,815)	(1,048,188)	(912,338)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll**	\$ 10,449,769	\$ 9,610,215	\$ 9,382,821	\$ 9,006,445	\$ 8,847,708	\$ 7,750,726	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – DMUSD Retiree Health Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

					Fisca	l Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$ 779,577	\$ 750,495	\$ 701,951	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interest	430,732	433,844	368,638	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Differences between expected				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
and actual experience	866,973	(410,554)	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Changes of assumptions	920,121	285,723	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments	(237,845)	(198,030)	(147,494)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net change in total OPEB	_			_	_					
liability	2,759,558	861,478	923,095	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability - beginning	12,970,107	12,108,629	11,185,534	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 15,729,665	\$ 12,970,107	\$ 12,108,629	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer	\$ 837,845	\$ 698,030	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net investment income	8,804	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments	(237,845)	(198,030)	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Administrative expenses	(591)	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other expenses				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net change in plan fiduciary										
net position	608,213	500,000	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	500,000			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 1,108,213	\$ 500,000	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net OPEB liability	\$ 14,621,452	\$ 12,470,107	\$ 12,108,629	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DI CI :										
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	7.05%	3.86%	0.00%							
r	,	2.0070	0.0070							
Covered payroll	35,411,406	31,724,000	31,724,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net OPEB liability as a										
percentage of covered payroll	41.29%	39.31%	38.17%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions – DMUSD Retiree Health Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(837,845)	(698,030)	(147,494)	N/A						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (837,845)	\$ (698,030)	\$ (147,494)	N/A						
District's covered payroll**	35,411,406	31,724,000	31,724,000	N/A						
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.366%	2.200%	0.465%	N/A						

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

The Plan does not have actuarially determined contributions.

Schedule of Investment Returns – DMUSD Retiree Health Benefit Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2020	1.8%
2019	0.0%
2018	0.0%
2017	N/A
2016	N/A
2015	N/A
2014	N/A
2013	N/A
2012	N/A
2011	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund**

As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54, the District's Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) was included with the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule included in the Required Supplementary Information is based on the legally adopted budget for the General Fund only.

\$ 15,998,311
(808,218)
\$ 15,190,093
\$ 1,676,762
(408,111)
\$ 1,268,651

### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

As of June 30, 2020, the District's expenditures which exceeded appropriations in the following categories:

	Excess					
Appropriations Category	Expenditures	Reason for Excess Expenditures				
General Fund:	_					
Employee Benefits	\$ 1,123,144	The District underestimated STRS on behalf payments provided by the state.				
Books and Supplies	44,637	The District underestimated the costs of books and supplies.				
Other Outgo	392	The District underestimated the costs of transfers of service				
Capital Outlay	137,431	The District did not budget for new capital leases.				
Debt Service - Principal	17,556	The District did not budget for new capital leases.				
Debt Service - Interest	3,948	The District did not budget for new capital leases.				

Amounts in excess of appropriations were not considered a violation of any laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements and did not have a direct or material effect on the financial statements.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - CalSTRS

- 1. Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefits in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes to assumptions in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2019 and 2020. In 2018 there was a change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.10%.

#### Schedule of District's Contributions - CalSTRS

The total pension liability for California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to the June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 (measurement dates). In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16	
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15	
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%	
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	
Reporting Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	06/30/19	
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/20	
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/15	07/01/06 - 06/30/15	07/01/06 - 06/30/15	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	
Wage Growth (Average)	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	

CalSTRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015 experience study adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017. CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. Additional information can be obtained by reviewing the CalSTRS Actuarial Experience Study on the CalSTRS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Schedule of District's Proportionate Share – CalPERS

- 1. Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefits in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions in 2015, 2017, and 2020. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.50% to 7.65%. In 2018 the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2019, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS experience study and review of actuarial assumptions published December 2017. There were no changes to the discount rate in this period.

#### Schedule of District's Contributions - CalPERS

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 (measurement dates). The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 (measurement dates) used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017		
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16		
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15		
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%		
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple		
Reporting Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020		
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	06/30/19		
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/18		
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/15	07/01/97 - 06/30/15		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.50%	7.50%		
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.50%	2.50%		
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple		

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on demographic data from 1997 to 2015) available on the CalPERS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

- 1) Benefit Changes: In 2019 the District made changes to benefit terms consistent with bargaining agreements. There have been no additional changes to benefits in periods being reported.
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2018 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2019 the discount rate changed from 3.40% to 3.16%. In 2020 the discount rate changed from 3.16% to 2.59%.
- 3) The following are the discount rates used for each period:

Year	Discount Rate
2018	3.40%
2019	3.16%
2020	2.59%



Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Spe	cial Revenue Funds	Ca	pital Projects Funds	D	ebt Service Funds	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets							
Cash in County Treasury	\$	867,419	\$	6,637,813	\$	8,592,124	\$ 16,097,356
Accounts Receivable		6,046		40,712		-	46,758
Due from Other Funds		325,975				_	325,975
Total Assets	\$	1,199,440	\$	6,678,525	\$	8,592,124	\$ 16,470,089
Liabilities and Fund Balance							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	12,218	\$	17,418	\$	-	\$ 29,636
Unearned Revenue		80,554		-		_	80,554
Total Liabilities		92,772		17,418		-	110,190
Fund Balance:							
Restricted Fund Balances		-		768,926		8,592,124	9,361,050
Committed Fund Balances		1,106,668		_		_	1,106,668
Assigned Fund Balances		-		5,892,181		_	5,892,181
Total Fund Balance		1,106,668		6,661,107		8,592,124	16,359,899
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,199,440	\$	6,678,525	\$	8,592,124	\$ 16,470,089

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues									
Local Property Taxes	\$	257,075	\$	-	\$	5,300,736	\$	5,557,811	
Federal Revenue		112,351		-		-		112,351	
Other State Revenue		6,255		-		18,349		24,604	
Interest Income		18,532		128,004		58,001		204,537	
Other Local Revenue		483,086		138,181		253		621,520	
Total Revenues		877,299		266,185		5,377,339		6,520,823	
Expenditures									
Current Expenditures:									
Pupil Services		672,256		-		-		672,256	
General Administration		-		5,025		-		5,025	
Plant Services		-		425,748		-		425,748	
Debt Service:									
Principal		-		-		690,000		690,000	
Interest		_		-		1,538,029		1,538,029	
Total Expenditures		672,256		430,773		2,228,029		3,331,058	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		205,043		(164,588)		3,149,310		3,189,765	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers In		68,900		_		1,680,699		1,749,599	
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds		-		-		3,762,115		3,762,115	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		68,900		-		5,442,814		5,511,714	
Net Change in Fund Balance		273,943		(164,588)		8,592,124		8,701,479	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		832,725		6,825,695				7,658,420	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,106,668	\$	6,661,107	\$	8,592,124	\$	16,359,899	

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred aintenance Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets						
Cash in County Treasury	\$	21,364	\$ 846,055	\$	867,419	
Accounts Receivable		2,508	3,538		6,046	
Due from Other Funds		68,900	257,075		325,975	
Total Assets	\$	92,772	\$ 1,106,668	\$	1,199,440	
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	12,218	\$ -	\$	12,218	
Unearned Revenue		80,554	_		80,554	
Total Liabilities		92,772			92,772	
Fund Balance:						
Committed Fund Balances		-	1,106,668		1,106,668	
Total Fund Balance		-	1,106,668		1,106,668	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	92,772	\$ 1,106,668	\$	1,199,440	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
June 30, 2020

	Cafe	Deferred Maintenance Cafeteria Fund Fund		Maintenance		al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	
Revenues							
Local Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	257,075	\$	257,075	
Federal Revenue		112,351		-		112,351	
Other State Revenue		6,255		-		6,255	
Interest Income		1,664		16,868		18,532	
Other Local Revenue		483,086				483,086	
Total Revenues		603,356		273,943	877,29		
Expenditures							
Current Expenditures:							
Pupil Services		672,256		-		672,256	
Total Expenditures		672,256		-		672,256	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(68,900)		273,943		205,043	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		68,900		_		68,900	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		68,900		-		68,900	
Net Change in Fund Balance		<u>-</u>		273,943		273,943	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>		832,725		832,725	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$	1,106,668	\$	1,106,668	

 $\label{lem:combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds \\ June 30, 2020$ 

	Capital Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Projects		al Nonmajor oital Projects Funds
Assets					
Cash in County Treasury	\$	757,002	\$	5,880,811	\$ 6,637,813
Accounts Receivable		16,117		24,595	 40,712
Total Assets	\$	773,119	\$	5,905,406	\$ 6,678,525
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	4,193	\$	13,225	\$ 17,418
Total Liabilities		4,193		13,225	 17,418
Fund Balance:					
Restricted Fund Balances		768,926		-	768,926
Assigned Fund Balances		-		5,892,181	5,892,181
Total Fund Balance		768,926		5,892,181	 6,661,107
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	773,119	\$	5,905,406	\$ 6,678,525

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
June 30, 2020

	Capital Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Projects		Total Nonmajo Capital Project Funds	
Revenues						
Interest Income	\$	13,529	\$	114,475	\$	128,004
Other Local Revenue		138,180		1_		138,181
Total Revenues		151,709		114,476		266,185
Expenditures						
Current Expenditures:						
General Administration		5,025		-		5,025
Plant Services		_		425,748		425,748
Total Expenditures		5,025		425,748		430,773
Net Change in Fund Balance		146,684		(311,272)		(164,588)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		622,242		6,203,453		6,825,695
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	768,926	\$	5,892,181	\$	6,661,107

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds June 30, 2020

	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Assets						
Cash in County Treasury	\$	8,592,124	\$		\$	8,592,124
Total Assets	\$	8,592,124	\$	-	\$	8,592,124
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	
Fund Balance:						
Restricted Fund Balances		8,592,124		-		8,592,124
Total Fund Balance		8,592,124				8,592,124
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	8,592,124	\$	-	\$	8,592,124

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
June 30, 2020

	 ond Interest Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Revenues					
Local Property Taxes	\$ 5,300,736	\$	-	\$	5,300,736
Other State Revenue	18,349		-		18,349
Interest Income	58,001		-		58,001
Other Local Revenue	 253			-	253
Total Revenues	 5,377,339				5,377,339
Expenditures					
Debt Service:					600.000
Principal	-		690,000		690,000
Interest	 547,330		990,699		1,538,029
Total Expenditures	 547,330		1,680,699		2,228,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,830,009		(1,680,699)		3,149,310
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	-	1,680,699		1,680,699	
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	3,762,115		-		3,762,115
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 3,762,115		1,680,699		5,442,814
Net Change in Fund Balance	 8,592,124				8,592,124
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,592,124	\$	-	\$	8,592,124



Local Education Agency Organization Structure June 30, 2020

The Del Mar Union School District was established in 1906 and became a Union District in 1949. There were no changes in the boundaries of the district during the current fiscal year. The district is currently operating eight elementary schools.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Erica Halpern	President	Four Year Term Expires December 2020
Gee Wah Mok, Esq.	Clerk	Four Year Term Expires December 2020
Katherine Fitzpatrick	Member	Four Year Term Expires December 2022
Doug Rafner, Esq.	Member	Four Year Term Expires December 2022
Scott Wooden, Ph.D.	Member	Four Year Term Expires December 2022

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Holly McClurg, Ph.D. Superintendent

Shelley Peterson Assistant Superintendent Instructional Services

Jason Romero Assistant Superintendent Human Resources

Catherine Birks Assistant Superintendent Business Services

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Second Peri Certificate #I	•	Annual I Certificate #F	•
	Original	Revised	Revised	Revised
Grades TK/K-3:		_		
Regular ADA	2,152.87	N/A	2,152.87	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	3.50	N/A	3.50	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	1.00	N/A	1.00	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	0.17	N/A	0.17	N/A
Total Grades 7 and 8	2,157.54	N/A	2,157.54	N/A
Grades 4-6:				
Regular ADA	1,850.74	N/A	1,850.74	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	1.46	N/A	1.46	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	2.59	N/A	2.59	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	0.38	N/A	0.38	N/A
Total Grades 9-12	1,855.17	N/A	1,855.17	N/A
Total ADA	4,012.71	N/A	4,012.71	N/A

On March 17, 2020 Governor Newsom signed Senate Bill (SB) 117 which mitigated the effect of lost attendance due to COVID-19 that occurred after February 29, 2020. For the purpose of preventing losses of attendance-based funding as a result of reductions in average daily attendance (ADA) due to COVID-19, this legislation provided that the ADA used for both the second period (P2) and the Annual period apportionment include all full school months from July 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020 for all local education agencies (LEAs).

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District and Charter Schools. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

**Del Mar Union School District** 

Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Actual Minutes	2019-20 COVID-19 Closure Minutes	2019-20 Total Instructional Minutes	2019-20 Actual School Days	2019-20 COVID-19 Closure Days	2019-20 Total School Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,515	18,330	54,845	122	58	180	Complied
1st Grade	50,400	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied
2nd Grade	50,400	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied
3rd Grade	50,400	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied
4th Grade	54,000	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied
5th Grade	54,000	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied
6th Grade	54,000	37,215	17,460	54,675	122	58	180	Complied

Due to COVID-19 the District closed all campuses on March 17, 2020 through the end of the school year. Distance learning was provided to students for school days during the closure. This schedule has been reflected based on the original approved calendar and instructional time planned by the District for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code §46201 through §46207. This schedule is required of all school districts, including basic aid districts, as well as all charter schools.

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code §46201 through §46207.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund	Budget 2021 (See Note 1)	2020	2019	2018
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 63,876,770	\$ 65,072,766	\$ 64,539,160	\$ 57,558,817
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	63,876,770	63,804,115	62,707,061	56,655,607
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>-</u>	1,268,651	1,832,099	903,210
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 15,190,093	\$ 15,190,093	\$ 13,921,442	\$ 12,089,343
Available Reserves (See Note 2)	\$ 14,712,664	\$ 14,681,830	\$ 13,346,799	\$ 11,918,611
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	23.03%	23.01%	21.28%	21.04%
Long Term Debt (See Note 3)	\$110,106,098	\$117,850,025	\$ 19,085,169	\$ 19,126,724
Average Daily Attendance at P2	3,955	4,013	4,140	4,322

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The general fund balance has increased by \$3,100,750 (25.65%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects a decrease of \$0. For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of 3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$98,723,301 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 309 over the past two years.

#### Notes:

- 1. Budget 2021 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2. Available reserves consist of all assigned and unassigned fund balances contained within the general fund.
- 3. Long Term Debt consists of general obligation bonds, special tax bonds, and capital leases.
- 4. GASB Statement No. 54 requires the inclusion of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) with the General Fund for reporting purposes only. This schedule has been prepared without the inclusion of Fund 17.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2020

		eneral Fund (Fund 01)	Fund f	cial Reserve For Other than contail Outlay Fund 17)
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$	15,190,092	\$	808,219
Adjustments and reclassifications: Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:				
GASB 54 Fund Presentation	-	808,219 808,219		(808,219)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		808,219		(808,219)
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement fund balances	\$	15,998,311	\$	
	Ent	Care Services erprise Fund (Fund 63)		
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget				
report net position	\$	(2,458,076)		
Adjustments and reclassifications: Increasing (decreasing) the net position:				
Adjustments for current year activity with compensated absences		(15,086)		
Adjustments for current year activity with net OPEB liability		6,180		
Adjustments for current year activity with net pension liability		(505,627)		
Adjustments for current year depreciation expense		(28,094)		
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(542,627)		
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement	ø.	(2.000 502)		
net position	\$	(3,000,703)		

Note 1: The Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54. As a result, the fund is being combined with the General Fund for presentation in the basic financial statements.

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the SACS Annual Financial and Budget Report with the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

Schedule of Charter Schools Year Ended June 30, 2020

The Del Mar Union School District has not authorized any charter schools.

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Subrecipient Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through California Department of Education				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13523	\$ -	\$ 112,351
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	112,351
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	-	871,410
IDEA Local Assistance - Private Schools	84.027	10015	-	19,179
IDEA Mental Health	84.027	13430	-	48,274
IDEA Preschool	84.173	13430	-	37,742
IDEA Preschool Staff Development	84.173	13431		359
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster				976,964
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed through California Department of Education				
CARES Act - Learning Loss Mitigation Fund	21.019	25516	-	254,275
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education				
Title I	84.010	14329	-	151,625
Title III	84.365	14346	-	73,976
Title IV Student Support Academic Enrichment	84.424	15396	-	14,800
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341		58,780
Total Other Programs				553,456
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	\$ 1,642,771

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of 2 CFR §200.502 Basis for Determining Federal Awards Expended and 2CFR §200.510(b) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The expenditures reported on the schedule are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### **Indirect Cost Rate**

Indirect costs were calculated in accordance with 2 CFR §200.412 *Direct and Indirect Costs*. The District used an indirect cost rate of 5.62% based on the rate approved by the California Department of Education for each program which did not have a pre-defined allowable indirect cost rate. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 *Indirect Costs*. The following programs utilized a lower indirect cost rate based on program restrictions or other factors determined by the District:

		Indirect
Program	CFDA #	Cost Rate
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	0.00%
CARES Act - Learning Loss Mitigation Fund	21.019	0.00%
Special Education Cluster	84.027, 84.173	0.00%
Title I	84.010	0.00%
Title III	84.365	1.07%
Title IV Student Support Academic Enrichment	84.424	0.00%
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	5.41%





Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Governing Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Del Mar Union School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Del Mar Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Del Mar Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Del Mar Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Del Mar Union School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Del Mar Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California March 4, 2021

Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Del Mar Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Del Mar Union School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Del Mar Union School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Del Mar Union School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Del Mar Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Del Mar Union School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Del Mar Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Del Mar Union School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Del Mar Union School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Del Mar Union School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California
March 4, 2021

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Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

#### Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited the Del Mar Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's Audit Guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about each school's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
A. Attendance	Yes
B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
C. Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
D. Independent Study	N/A
E. Continuation Education.	N/A
F. Instructional Time.	Yes
G. Instructional Materials	Yes
H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
I. Classroom Teacher Salaries.	Yes
J. Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
K. Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
L. School Accountability Report Card	Yes
M. Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
N. Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan.	Yes
S. District of Choice	N/A
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act.	N/A
U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program	N/A
V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
X. Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Y. Independent Study - Course Based	N/A
Charter Schools	
AA. Attendance	N/A
BB. Mode of Instruction.	N/A
CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction	N/A
EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
FF. Charter School Facility Grant Program.	N/A

The term N/A is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Del Mar Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co Let El Cajon, California

March 4, 2021



Schedule of Auditor's Results Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:  One or more material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X	Z No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are		
not considered material weakness(es)?	YesX	No No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX	No No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs:		
One or more material weakness(es) identified?	YesX	No No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are		
not considered material weakness(es)?	YesX	No No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Compliance supplement utilized for single audit	August 2020 with December 2020 Addendum	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		
reported in accordance with 2 CFR §200.516?	YesX	No No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
21.019 CARES Act - Learning Loss Mitigation	Fund	
84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A		
and Type B programs	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No
STATE AWARDS		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits	Vac	. Na
of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	YesX	No No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Findings represent significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), or the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Finding codes as identified in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting are as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type	
10000	Attendance	
20000	Inventory of Equipment	
30000	Internal Control	
40000	State Compliance	
42000	Charter School Facilities	
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
50000	Federal Compliance	
60000	Miscellaneous	
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries	
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan	
70000	Instructional Materials	
71000	Teacher Misassignments	
72000	School Accountability Report Card	

#### A. Financial Statement Findings

None

#### **B.** Federal Awards

None

#### C. State Award Findings

None

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

system.

Finding/Recommendation	Status	Explanation if Not Implemented
Finding 2019-001 Unduplicated Pupil Counts		
We identified one student out of twenty-four tested that did not meet eligibility requirements for unduplicated pupil counts. The student was identified as qualifying for free or reduced priced meals on the unduplicated pupil counts reporting but was not qualified for that program according to the District's child nutrition records.		
We recommended the District establish a procedure to ensure that the CalPADS reporting of unduplicated pupil counts is based on the students who meet current year eligibility requirements for the free or reduced priced meals program including procedures to verify items in the CalPADS system to the child nutrition		

Implemented