DEL MAR UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2015

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP CPA's and Advisors 218 W. Douglas Ave. El Cajon, California



Del Mar Union School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Del Mar Union School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Del Mar Union School District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2015, Del Mar Union School District adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date -- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for OPEB benefits, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Del Mar Union School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies 2014-15,* published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2015 on our consideration of Del Mar Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Del Mar Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP

This section of the Del Mar Union School District's annual financial reports presents the management discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2015. It is intended to provide a clear and concise analysis of the activities, financial results, and financial position during the fiscal year, and is a required element of the reporting model established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) in Statement Number 34. This management discussion and analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Del Mar Union School District as a complex financial entity. The Del Mar Union School District operates governmental, business-type, and internal service activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole district, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for Fiscal Year 2014-2015 are as follows:

- -Total net position (including Business Type Activities) for the District are \$68,675,996.
- -Outstanding Capital Lease-Purchase Debt decreased from \$547,347 to \$340,293 during 2014-2015.
- -The District's annual average daily attendance is 4,272.77 in 2014-2015.
- -Property tax revenue increased by 5.2% in 2014-2015 over 2013-2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include different kinds of statements that present both a view of the District as a whole, and individual fund statements that focus on various parts of the District's operations in more detail. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information presented in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE FINANCIAL ENTITY

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains several funds used by the district to provide programs and activities, the view of the district as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially this year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or disbursed.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the district has improved or diminished. In addition, non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities must be considered.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District's activities are divided into two categories; governmental activities and business type activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, as well as operation and maintenance of facilities. Under the governmental activities column is where most of the District's basic services are included, such as regular and special education instruction, transportation, and administration. Property taxes, federal and state categorical funding finance most of these activities. Under the business-type activities column is where the District's Early Childhood/After School Programs are included. Tuition payments finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- -Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- -The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds which are explained below. Later in this report a chart is provided that shows all of the district funds, balances, and fund types.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The District maintains nine individual governmental funds. Three of these funds are considered major funds: the General Fund, Community Facilities District Funds (95-1 & 99-1) and the Other Enterprise Fund. The other six governmental funds are the Cafeteria Fund, Deferred Maintenance Fund, Special Reserve Fund, Capital Facilities Fund, Debt Service Fund (95-1 & 99-1) and Foundation Trust Fund.

Major funds - Revenues, expenses, assets, or liabilities are at least 10 percent of the total for their fund category or type (governmental or enterprise) and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds.

Proprietary funds – Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the district-wide statements. Enterprise funds or internal service funds are the two types of proprietary funds. The District does operate an enterprise fund which is where we account for the activities related to the Early Childhood/After School Program.

Enterprise funds - Are operated in a manner similar to private business where the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and net income is necessary for management accountability. The District uses one enterprise fund to account for business activities of the Early Childcare/After School programs. All of the Early Childcare/After School programs were reported in this enterprise fund.

Fiduciary funds – In a fiduciary fund, the District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Foundation Trust Fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary Net Position and a statement of changes in fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The district's net position was \$68,675,996 as of June 30, 2015. The Statement of Net Position (see Table A-1 below) provides a perspective of the District's net position as a whole. All of the data is from the District's governmental and business type activities.

	2013-2014	2014-2015	Variance
Assets			
Cash	23,775,057	28,305,150	4,530,093
Receivables	1,308,313	1,553,680	245,367
Prepaid Expenses	205,754	318,825	113,071
Capital Assets:			
Land	36,813,151	36,813,151	-
Site Improvements	2,713,124	2,803,638	90,514
Buildings	100,726,640	100,726,640	-
Equipment	2,822,483	3,072,559	250,076
Work in Progress	-	1,648,418	1,648,418
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(27,713,999)	(30,213,480)	(2,499,481)
Total Assets	140,650,523	145,028,581	4,378,058
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	7,204,964	7,204,964
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable & Liabilities	950,300	2,303,121	1,352,821
Unearned Revenue	1,325,206	1,440,514	115,308
Long-Term Liabilities	31,255,231	69,541,528	38,286,297
Due within one year	1,119,031	1,111,003	(8,028)
Due in more than one year	30,136,200	68,430,525	38,294,325
Total Liabilities	33,530,737	73,285,163	39,754,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	10,252,385	10,252,385
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets	87,598,561	88,024,592	426,031
Restricted:			
Capital Projects	10,369,107	13,964,638	3,595,531
Educational Purposes	543,299	-	(543,299)
Other Purposes (expendable)	488,674	423,954	(64,720)
Other Purposes (nonexpendable)	25,000	343,253	318,253
Unrestricted	8,095,145	(34,080,441)	(42,175,586)
Total Net Position Governmental Activities	107,119,786	68,675,996	(38,443,790)

Revenue in the Governmental Funds is divided into general revenue, which funds the basic on-going instructional programs and related support services; and program revenue, which funds specific program activities that support the children enrolled in Del Mar schools. Revenues form the District's governmental activities were \$57,250,828 (see Table A-2) while expenditures were \$52,580,071 (see Table A-3).

Table A-2 Revenue for Governmental & Business Type Activities

	2013-2014	2014-2015
Program Revenue	\$ 5,069,006	\$ 12,500,552
General Revenue	46,627,441	48,893,377
	\$ 51,696,447	\$ 57,498,835

The primary sources of general revenue are state revenue and local property taxes and represent approximately 99.9% of general revenues. The remaining .1% consists of interest earnings and other agency transfers. The primary sources of program revenues are the State of California and the Federal Government which fund many of the programs operated by the District.

The table below presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions by expenditure total.

Table A-3
Expenditures for Governmental & Business Type Activities

	2013-2014	2014-2015
Classroom Instruction	\$ 34,174,341	\$ 34,128,598
Instructional Services	3,533,353	3,667,286
Pupil Services	2,008,253	2,050,699
General Administration	2,628,273	2,918,315
Plant Services	4,418,586	4,680,121
Enterprise Services	3,290,158	3,520,230
Other Services & Activities	1,361,964	1,514,394
	\$ 51.414.928	\$ 52,479,643

FINANCIAL ANALAYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance as a whole is reflected in the District's governmental funds. As the District completed the year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of over \$25 million. Below in Table A-4 is a list of all the various District funds balances at the end of the 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 fiscal years. The variance between years is also listed. The fund types are described in the Fund Financial Statements section of this report.

Table A-4 Ending Fund Balances by Type

	2013-2014	2014-2015	Variance
General Fund	\$ 11,452,283	\$ 10,862,093	\$ (590,190)
Cafeteria	57,246	38,953	(18,293)
Deferred Maintenance	431,429	385,001	(46,428)
Special Reserve	-	-	-
Capital Facilities	461,419	606,261	144,842
Special Reserve for Capital Projects	883,988	1,916,558	1,032,570
Community Facilities District 95-1, 99-1	9,023,701	11,441,819	2,418,118
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 22,310,066	\$ 25,250,685	\$ 2,940,619
Other Enterprise	\$ 1,113,166	\$ 1,571,166	\$ 458,000
Total Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,113,166	\$ 1,571,166	\$ 458,000
Foundation Trust	\$ 32,561	\$ 32,593	\$ 32
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$ 32,561	\$ 32,593	\$ 32
Total All Funds	\$ 23,455,793	\$ 26,854,444	\$ 3,398,651

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had over \$69 million in special tax bonds, capital leases payable, and other long-term debt outstanding. More detail about the District's long-term debt is detailed in Table A-5 below. Additional information regarding the long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	2013-2014	2014-2015	
Special Tax Bonds	27,215,491	26,486,038	
Other General Long-Term Debt	-	-	
Capital Lease Payable	547,347	340,293	
Net Pension Liability	-	38,447,469	
Net OPEB Obligation	3,310,416	4,022,597	
Compensated Absences	181,977	245,137	
Total	31,255,231	69,541,534	

CFD 95-1

On June 28, 2007 the Del Mar Community Facilities District (CFD) 95-1 issued \$19,955,000 Series 2007 Special Tax Bonds. Proceeds from the Bonds were used primarily to finance the acquisition and construction of Ocean Air School. The first interest payment on the bonds was payable on September 1, 2007 and semi-annually thereafter on each September 1 and March 1.

CFD 99-1

The Community Facilities District was established by the Board of Trustees on May 12, 1999. An election was held on September 28, 1999 which allowed the Community Facilities District 99-1 to finance the cost of public facilities by incurring bonded indebtedness. More than two-thirds of the votes cast were in favor of the "Series 2003 Special Tax Bonds". In October 2003 the Del Mar Community Facilities District 99-1 issued \$10,620,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to purchase the land and construct the Pacific Highlands Ranch School #7 named Sycamore Ridge.

The District refinanced the 2003 Bonds under the Series 2012 Special Tax Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$9,920,000. The first interest payment on the bonds was payable on March 1, 2013 and semi-annually thereafter on March 1 and September 1.

The debt service and interest payments for the Special Tax Bonds will be paid with revenues generated from the two CFD's. No District general operating funds will be used.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Information about the district's major funds, including the General Fund, is shown later in this report. The General Fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's budget is prepared according to California law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

During the course of the year, interim reports are used for each major budget revision and are presented to the Governing Board for review and approval and regularly scheduled Board meetings and in accordance with deadlines established by the California Department of Education.

Pension Accounting

The District's financial statements include the new pension accounting changes under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 67 and 68. Under GASB 67 and 68, beginning with the 2014-2015 financial statements, school districts are required to include their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) for the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Although this accounting entry increases the District's Liabilities, it is a liability of the State of California. The State is addressing its net pension liabilities by increasing the annual contribution requirements from State, employers, and employees. The District's increase in employer contribution is reflected in its operating expenditures.

Capital Assets

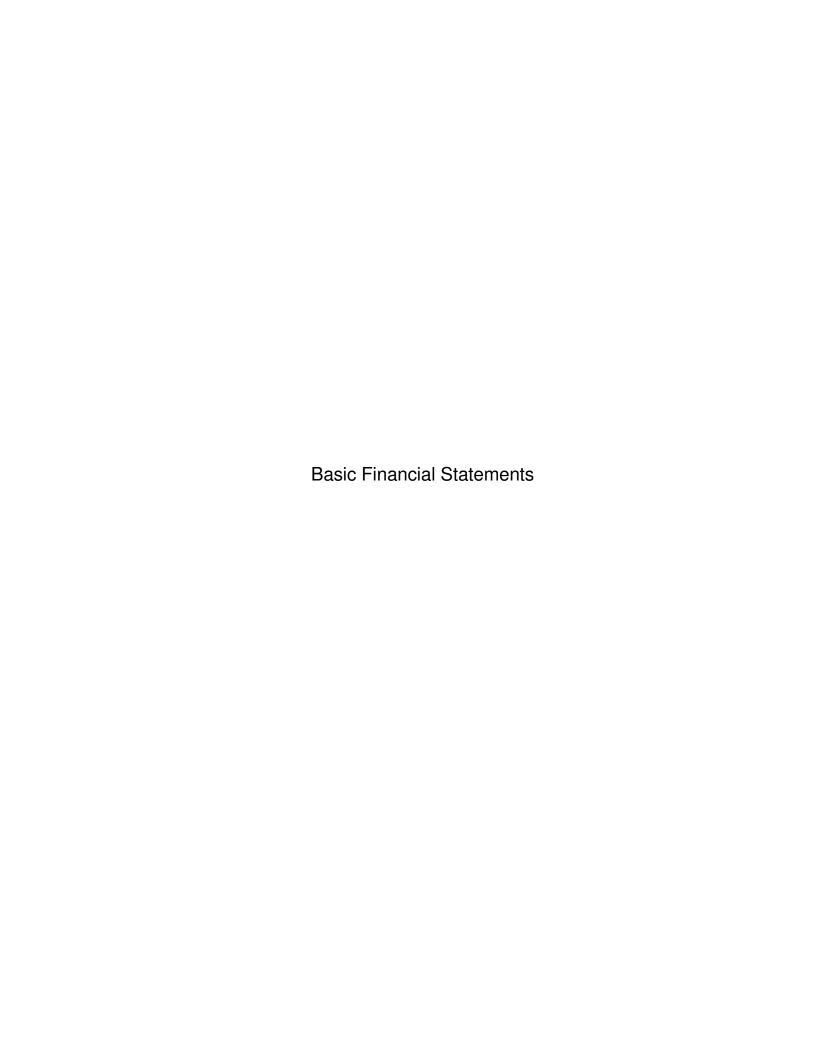
At the end of the fiscal year 2014-2015, the District had \$145,064,405 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and equipment. After accumulated depreciation of \$30,213,480 is applied, the value of net capital assets is \$114,850,925.

Current Financial Related Activities

Over the years, Del Mar Union School District has maintained a strong, financially responsible budget. Each year the district takes a careful look at revenue and expenditure projections on a multi-year basis and adjusts the budget accordingly. Adjustments are necessary in order to maintain an acceptable and safe reserve balance. As the preceding information shows, assets are substantial and the amount of debt paid from general revenues is a very small percentage of the overall budget. However, the financial future is still full of challenges. Prudent planning and conservative spending must be a priority. The district is a community-funded school district which is also known as Basic Aid. The majority of revenue the district receives is from property taxes. Prudent reserves will help to minimize the impact of any loss of revenue, address unexpected costs and economic uncertainty. A reserve will allow the district sufficient planning time to secure alternative funding sources and implement budget reductions if necessary.

Contacting the District

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Catherine J. Birks, Assistant Superintendent, Business Services at the Del Mar Union School District, 11232 El Camino Real, San Diego, CA 92130.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Primary Government Governmental Business-type						Component		
		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit		
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	26,345,999	\$	1,959,150	\$	28,305,149	\$	87,126		
Receivables		1,532,173		1,507		1,533,680		380		
Internal Balances		188,591		(188,591)		-		-		
Prepaid Expenses		318,253		572		318,825		-		
Capital Assets:										
Land		36,813,151		-		36,813,151		-		
Improvements		2,803,638		-		2,803,638		-		
Buildings		100,726,640		-		100,726,640		-		
Equipment		3,072,559		-		3,072,559		-		
Work in Progress		1,648,418		-		1,648,418		-		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(30,213,480)		-		(30,213,480)		-		
Total Assets	-	143,235,942		1,772,638	_	145,008,580	_	87,506		
	_				_					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		7,204,964		-		7,204,964		-		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		2,266,410		36,711		2,303,121		540		
Deferred Revenue		1,275,753		164,761		1,440,514		-		
Long-Term Liabilities:										
Due Within One Year		1,111,003		-		1,111,003		-		
Due in More Than One Year		68,430,525		-		68,430,525		-		
Total Liabilities		73,083,691		201,472		73,285,163		540		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,252,385		_		10,252,385		_		
DEI ERRED INI EOWS OF RESOURCES	-	10,232,363			_	10,232,363	_			
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		88,024,592		_		88,024,592		_		
Restricted for:		00,024,002				00,024,002				
Federal and State Programs		13,964,638		_		13,964,638		_		
Debt Service		-		_		-		_		
Educational Programs		_		_		_		_		
Other Purposes (Expendable)		423,954		_		423,954		_		
Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)		343,253		_		343,253		_		
Unrestricted		(35,651,607)		- 1,571,166		(34,080,441)		- 86,966		
Total Net Position	\$	67,104,830	\$		\$	68,675,996	φ_	86,966		
TOTAL NET LOSITION	Ψ_	07,104,030	φ	1,571,100	Ψ=	00,070,990	Ψ=	00,300		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	20. 2015									Not (Eypons	o) Povenue and			
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE :	30, 2015			D	rogram Reve	21100					se) Revenue and in Net Position			
		-		Г	Operating	iues	Capital							
			Charges for		Grants and	(Grants and	Governmental	В	usiness-type	Government	Co		
Functions	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	Activities	_	Activities	Total		Unit	
Governmental Activities:		-		_		_			_			_		
Instruction	\$ 34,128,598	\$	5,954	\$	7,532,017	\$	-	\$ (26,590,627)	\$		\$ (26,590,627)	\$	-	
Instruction-Related Services:	• - , -,	•	-,	•	, ,-	•		, (-,,- ,	•		, (- / / - /	•		
Instructional Supervision														
and Administration	1,092,529		338		152,600		-	(939,591)			(939,591)		-	
Instructional Library, Media	, ,-				- ,			(, ,			(,,			
and Technology	213,783		-		91		-	(213,692)			(213,692)		-	
School Site Administration	2,360,974		-		56,841		-	(2,304,133)			(2,304,133)		-	
Pupil Services:	,,-				, -			() ,,			() ,,			
Home-to-School Trans-														
portation	634,794		-		-		-	(634,794)			(634,794)		-	
Food Services	244,436		96,130		132,423		-	(15,883)			(15,883)		-	
All Other Pupil Services	1,171,469		95		192,713		-	(978,661)			(978,661)		-	
General Administration:	, ,				- , -			(, ,			(/ /			
Centralized Data Processing	840,113		-		7,299		-	(832,814)			(832,814)		-	
All Other General	,				*			, , ,			, , ,			
Administration	2,078,202		5.462		33,645		-	(2,039,095)			(2,039,095)		-	
Plant Services	4,680,121		-, -		374,725		-	(4,305,396)			(4,305,396)		-	
Ancillary Services	- '		-		- 1		-	- ,			-		-	
Community Services	-		-		-		-	-			-			
Enterprise Activities	78,664		-		15,125		-	(63,539)			(63,539)		-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,230,720		-		- '		-	(1,230,720)			(1,230,720)		-	
Other Outgo	75,014		-		-		-	(75,014)			(75,014)		-	
Depreciation (Unallocated)*	309,088		-		-		-	(309,088)			(309,088)		-	
Business-Type Activities														
Enterprise Activities	3,441,566		3,895,094		-		-			453,528	453,528		-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-		-		-		-							
Other Outgo	-		-		-		-			-	-		-	
Component Unit														
Donations to District	1,270,000		-		-		-			-	-		(1,270,000)	
Support Services	53,327		-		-		-			-	-		(53,327)	
			-		-		-							
Total Expenses	\$ 53,903,398	\$	4,003,073	\$_	8,497,479	\$_	-	\$ (40,533,047)	\$_	453,528	\$ (40,079,519)	\$_	(1,323,327)	
	General Revenue													
·	Taxes and Sub		tions:											
			itions: r General Purp		•			37,128,797			37,128,797			
			r Debt Service	ose	5			37,120,797		-	37,120,797		-	
			r Other Specifi	. D.	ırnococ			2,563,057		-	2,563,057		-	
	Federal and St					oaro	me	3,014,320		-	3,014,320		-	
	Interest and In				to Specific Fi	ogra	1115	61,839		4,472	66,311		- 772	
	Interagency Re							21,642		4,472	21,642		- 112	
	Miscellaneous	VCI	iues					2,204,156			2,204,156		99	
	Net Fundraisin	~ D	ovonuo					2,204,130		-	2,204,130		1,320,041	
	Net Fullulaisiii	yп	evenue					-		-	-		1,320,041	
			Total General F	Reve	enues			\$ 44,993,811	\$_	4,472	\$ 44,998,283	\$_	1,320,912	
			Change in Net	Pos	sition			4,460,764		458,000	4,918,764		(2,415)	
1	Net Position Begir	nin	n (As Rostatod	- 9	ee Note NI			62,644,066		1,113,166	63,757,232		89,381	
	Net Position Endir		y ₍ AS FIESIAIEU		OU INOIG IN)			\$ 67,104,830	s ⁻	1,571,166	\$ 68,675,996	\$_	86,966	
	John Endi	· 9						- 27,701,000	* =	.,0.1,100		~ =	23,000	

^{*}This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund		Capital Project Fund For Blended Component Unit	1	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:	_							_
Cash in County Treasury	\$	11,593,876	\$	7,739,946	\$	3,089,970	\$	22,423,792
Cash in Revolving Fund		25,000		-		-		25,000
Cash with a Fiscal Agent/Trustee		-		3,897,205		-		3,897,205
Accounts Receivable		1,489,910		7,126		35,138		1,532,174
Due from Other Funds		274,578		-		135,126		409,704
Prepaid Expenditures	_	318,253	-	-	_	-		318,253
Total Assets	=	13,701,617	=	11,644,277	=	3,260,234	_	28,606,128
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,428,451	\$	131,584	\$	298,543	\$	1,858,578
Due to Other Funds		135,321		70,874		14,918	-	221,113
Unearned Revenue		1,275,753		-		-		1,275,753
Total Liabilities		2,839,525	_	202,458		313,461		3,355,444
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable Fund Balances		343,253		-		-		343,253
Restricted Fund Balances		-		11,441,819		38,953		11,480,772
Committed Fund Balances		-		-		385,001		385,001
Assigned Fund Balances		2,204,543		-		2,522,819		4,727,362
Unassigned Fund Balances		8,314,296		-		-		8,314,296
Total Fund Balance		10,862,092	-	11,441,819	_	2,946,773		25,250,684
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	13,701,617	\$_	11,644,277	\$_	3,260,234	\$	28,606,128

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances, governmental funds

\$ 25,250,684

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost Accumulated depreciation 145,064,406 (30,213,480)

Net:

114,850,926

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(407,832)

Long-Term Liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Special Tax Bonds26,486,041Net Pension Liability38,447,460Net OPEB Obligation4,022,597Compensated Absences Payable245,137Capital Leases Payable340,293

Total

(69,541,528)

Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding: In the government wide financial statements deferred gain or loss on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources (for a loss) or deferred inflow of resources (for a gain) and subsequently amortized over the life of the debt. Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position was:

280,080

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions 6,924,884 (10,252,385)

Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position

67,104,829

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues			General Fund		Capital Project Fund For Blended Component Unit		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
State Apportionment or State Aid 1,170,350 - \$ 1,170,350 Education Protection Account Funds 854,342 - - 854,342 Local Sources 36,993,671 - 135,126 37,128,797 Federal Revenue 1,015,695 - 132,930 1,148,625 Other Local Revenue 2,922,267 6,646 2,929,113 Other Local Revenue 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: 3,294 <	Revenues:			_					_
Education Protection Account Funds 854,342 - 854,342 Local Sources 36,993,671 - 135,126 37,128,792 Federal Revenue 1,015,695 - 132,930 1,148,625 Other State Revenue 2,922,267 - 6,846 2,929,113 Other Local Revenue 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: -									
Local Sources 36,993,671 - 135,126 37,128,797 Federal Revenue 1,015,695 - 132,930 1,148,625 Other State Revenue 2,922,267 - 6,846 2,929,113 Other Local Revenue 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 S2,974,265 S3,799,266 S2,974,265 S3,717,474 3,274,745 S1,510 S2,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 S6,809 S6,8678 S6,809 S6,809 S6,8678 S6,809 S6,8	···	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Federal Revenue 1,015,695 - 132,930 1,148,625 Other State Revenue 2,922,267 - 6,846 2,929,113 Other Local Revenue 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Unde					-		-		
Other State Revenue 2,922,267 - 6,846 2,929,113 Other Local Revenue 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - 75,014 - - 75,014 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses):					-				
Other Local Revenues 3,892,878 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 257,510 10,368,039 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 33,717,474 - 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - 37,717,474 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - 15,125 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					-				
Total Revenues 46,849,203 6,217,651 532,412 53,599,266 Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - - 75,014 - - 75,014 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - 2,863,926 50,658,647 Over (Under) Expenditures - 70,000 3,344,206 3,514,206 Transfe					-				
Expenditures: Instruction 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 - - - 3,717,474 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Other Outgo 75,014 Other Outgo 75,014 - - - - - - - - -				_		_		_	
Instruction Related Services 32,974,265 - - 32,974,265 Instruction - Related Services 3,717,4774 - - 3,717,4774 Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,626 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 -	Total Revenues		46,849,203	_	6,217,651	-	532,412	_	53,599,266
Instruction - Related Services 3,717,474 -	Expenditures:								
Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - 75,014 - - 75,014 Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (G60,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 -	Instruction		32,974,265		-		-		32,974,265
Pupil Services 1,842,814 - 245,862 2,088,676 Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - 75,014 - - 75,014 Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (Contract of the contract of the contrac	Instruction - Related Services		3,717,474		-		-		3,717,474
Enterprise 15,125 - - 15,125 General Administration 3,258,703 - 15,267 3,273,970 Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: - 730,000 937,054 Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,94	Pupil Services				-		245,862		
Plant Services 5,415,653 285,327 655,809 6,356,789 Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Enterprise		15,125		-		-		15,125
Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	General Administration		3,258,703		-		15,267		3,273,970
Other Outgo 75,014 - - 75,014 Debt Service: Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Plant Services		5,415,653		285,327		655,809		6,356,789
Debt Service: Principal 207,054 - 730,000 937,054 Interest 3,292 - 1,216,988 1,220,280 Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Other Outgo				-		-		
Interest Total Expenditures 3,292 47,509,394 - 1,216,988 285,327 1,220,280 2863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - (3,514,206) Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Debt Service:								
Interest Total Expenditures 3,292 47,509,394 - 1,216,988 285,327 1,220,280 2863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - (3,514,206) Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Principal		207,054		-		730,000		937,054
Total Expenditures 47,509,394 285,327 2,863,926 50,658,647 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	•				-				
Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Total Expenditures			_	285,327	-		_	
Over (Under) Expenditures (660,191) 5,932,324 (2,331,514) 2,940,619 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Transfers Out - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Transfers In Transfers Out Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065		_	(660,191)	_	5,932,324	_	(2,331,514)	_	2,940,619
Transfers In Transfers Out Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 - 3,444,206 3,514,206 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (3,514,206) - (3,514,206) Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065			70 000		_		3 444 206		3 514 206
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 70,000 (3,514,206) 3,444,206 - Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065			-		(3 514 206)		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance (590,191) 2,418,118 1,112,692 2,940,619 Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065		_	70 000	-		-	3 444 206	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1 11,452,283 9,023,701 1,834,081 22,310,065	Total Other Financing Courses (Coos)	_	70,000	-	(0,011,200)	-	0,111,200	-	
	Net Change in Fund Balance		(590,191)		2,418,118		1,112,692		2,940,619
Fund Balance, June 30 \$\\ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc									
	Fund Balance, June 30	\$	10,862,092	\$_	11,441,819	\$	2,946,773	\$_	25,250,684

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Total change in fund balances, governmental funds

\$ 2,940,619

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital Outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for Capital Outlay
Depreciation Expense

1,989,008 (2,499,481)

Net

(510,473)

Debt Service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

937,054

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

1.782

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

(63,160)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, for the period is:

(12,220)

Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

1,879,343

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(712,181)

Change in net position of governmental activities - statement of activities

4,460,764

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Enterprise Fund
		Enterprise Fund
ASSETS:		
Current Assets: Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,959,150
Accounts Receivable	φ	1,507
Due from Other Funds		195
Prepaid Expenses		572
Total Current Assets		1,961,424
Total Assets		1,961,424
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	36,711
Due to Other Funds		188,786
Unearned Revenue		164,761
Total Current Liabilities		390,258
Total Liabilities	_	390,258
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		1,571,166
Total Net Position	-2	1,571,166
rotal rotal oblion	$\Psi_{=}$	1,011,100

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:	_	Enterprise Fund
Local Revenue	\$	3,899,566
Total Revenues		3,899,566
Operating Expenses:		
Certificated Personnel Salaries		277,141
Classified Personnel Salaries		2,105,490
Employee Benefits		528,708
Books and Supplies		162,226
Services and Other Operating Expenses		368,001
Total Expenses		3,441,566
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers		458,000
Change in Net Position	_	458,000
Total Net Position - Beginning		1,113,166
Total Net Position - Ending	\$_	1,571,166

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Enterprise Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	•	4.4.4.400
Cash Received from Customers	\$	4,114,189
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(2,906,731)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(427,194)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		780,264
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		3,847
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities		3,847
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		784,111
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,175,040
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,959,151
Reconciliation of Operating & Investment Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	458,000
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	•	,
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		117,467
Decrease (Increase) in Due From		(195)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		623
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		5.841
Increase (Decrease) in Due To		101,177
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		101,198
Total Adjustments		326,111
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating & Investing Activities	\$	784,111

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

JUNE 30, 2015	Private-purpose Trust Funds
ASSETS:	Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund
Cash in County Treasury Accounts Receivable	\$ 32,561 32
Total Assets LIABILITIES:	32,593
Total Liabilities NET POSITION:	
Held in Trust	\$ <u>32,593</u> \$ <u>32,593</u>
Held in Trust Total Net Position	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Foundation Private- Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Investment Income	\$ 131
Total Additions	131
Deductions:	
Administrative Expenses	100
Total Deductions	100
Change in Net Position	31
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	32,561
Net Position-End of the Year	\$32,592

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Del Mar Union School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

1. Reporting Entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the District to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The District or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has two component units, the Del Mar Schools Community Facilities Districts and the Del Mar Schools Education Foundation. The Del Mar Schools Community Facilities Districts are presented as a blended component unit in the District's audited financial statements. The Del Mar Schools Education Foundation, a California non-profit public benefit corporation which raises funds for the benefit of the District, is presented as a discretely presented component unit in the District's audited financial statements.

Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB statement.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Unit. This fund is used to account for the transactions that are associated with the capital projects of the District's Community Facilities Districts (CFD).

The District reports the following major enterprise funds:

Other Enterprise Fund. This fund accounts for the financial resources of the district associated with the operation of the district's child care programs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds. These funds are used to account for the proceeds of bond issuances and for the acquisition of capital assets of the district.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

5. Revenues and Expenses

a. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

b. <u>Expenses/Expenditures</u>

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

6. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury was not available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. These inventories are immaterial and have been omitted from these statements.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefiting period.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5.000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	25-50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment	5-15
Computer Equipment	5-15

d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The current portion of the liabilities is recognized in the general fund at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

e. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

g. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the District.

h. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

i. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District is a basic aid district and receives funding computed from local property tax revenue. The Board shall establish and maintain a higher level of reserves in an attempt to close the LCFF differential and protect the District during times of economic uncertainty and fluctuations in property tax revenues. The District Minimum Fund Balance policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unsassigned amounts of not less than 15 percent of general fund operating expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

7. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan) and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2013

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2014

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

10. Change in Accounting Policies

In June, 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions -- an Amendment of GASB No. 27," which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Statement requires numerous new pension disclosures in the notes to the financial statements and two new 10-year schedules as required supplementary information. Also, for the first time the District is required to recognize pension expense, report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, a net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the collective pension expense, collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and collective net pension liability. The reporting of these new amounts on the government-wide financial statements, along with the effect of the restatement of the beginning net position, if any, will also affect the District's government-wide net position.

In November, 2013 the GASB issued Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". This Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

B. Compliance and Accountability

Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

ViolationAction TakenNone reportedNot applicable

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name Deficit
Amount Remarks
None reported Not applicable Not applicable

Cash and Investments

1. Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$24,415,503 as of June 30, 2015). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$24,415,503. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

2. Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$0 as of June 30, 2015) and in the revolving fund (\$25,000) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

3. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
, ,			
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Investments:

The District's investments at June 30, 2015 are shown below.

			Amount	raii
Investment or Investment Type	Maturity		Reported	Value
Blackrock Treasury Funds	<30 Days	\$	3,897,205 \$	3,897,205
Total Investments		\$_	3,897,205 \$	3,897,205

5. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The San Diego County Investment Pool is rated AAAf/S1 by Standard & Poors. At year end the District was not exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2015, the District was not exposed to this risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

6. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		Major Governi						
		Capital						
				For Blended		Nonmajor		Total
		General		Component		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Únit		Funds		Funds
Federal Government:	_							
Federal Programs	\$	892,804 \$	\$	-	\$	22,793	\$	915,597
State Government:								
Lottery		381,376		-		-		381,376
Special Education		75,812		-		-		75,812
Other State Programs		7,845		-		1,135		8,980
Local Sources:								
Interest		14,349		7,126		3,024		24,499
Other Local Revenues	_	117,724	_	-		8,186		125,910
Total	\$_	1,489,910	\$_	7,126	\$	35,138	\$	1,532,174
				Foundation		Total		
		Enterprise		Trust		Other		
Local Caurage	_	Fund	_	Fund		Funds	-	
Local Sources: Interest	\$_	1,507	\$_	32	\$	1,539	-	
Total	\$_	1,507	\$_	32	\$	1,539	=	

All accounts receivable are considered to be collectible in full and as such no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land \$	36,813,151 \$	- \$	-	\$	36,813,151
Work in progress	-	1,648,418	-		1,648,418
Total capital assets not being depreciated	36,813,151	1,648,418	-		38,461,569
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	100,726,640	-	-		100,726,640
Improvements	2,713,124	90,514	-		2,803,638
Equipment	2,822,483	250,076	-		3,072,559
Total capital assets being depreciated	106,262,247	340,590	-		106,602,837
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(25,203,777)	(118,769)	-		(25,322,546)
Improvements	(1,338,505)	(2,203,754)	-		(3,542,259)
Equipment	(1,171,717)	(176,958)	-		(1,348,675)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,713,999)	(2,499,481)	-		(30,213,480)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	78,548,248	(2,158,891)	-		76,389,357
Governmental activities capital assets, net	115,361,399 \$	(510,473) \$	-	\$_	114,850,926

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,063,469
Instruction-Related Services	60,943
Pupil Services	2,240
General Administration	23,549
Plant Services	349,280
	\$ 2,499,481

F. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Project Fund	\$	70.874	Administrative and Legal Fees
General Fund	Enterprise Fund	Ψ	188.786	Reimbursement of Expenses
	•		,	·
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		14,918	Indirect Costs
Enterprise Fund	General Fund		195	Reclassify expenses
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		135,126	Deferred Maintenance
	Total	\$	409,899	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
Capital Project Fund Capital Project Fund Capital Project Fund	General Fund Debt Service Fund Nonmajor Governmental Total	\$ \$_	70,000 1,946,988 1,497,218 3,514,206	Capital Project Expenses Debt Service Payment Capital Project Expenses

G. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

In 2012 the District issued refunding special tax bonds to repay the 2003 special tax bonds outstanding. The refunding resulted in an overall increase in long term liabilities of \$303,423 and therefore is recorded as a refunding loss in deferred outflows of resources. The refunding loss will be amortized over the life of the refunding bonds using the the straight line method.

In addition, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments made subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date are recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Issue Date	Amortization Term	 Balance July 1, 2014	Additions		Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2015
Refunding loss	06/07/2012	26 Years	\$ 291,750 \$	-	\$	11,670	280,080
Pension related	06/30/2014	1 Year	4,460,587	-		4,460,587	-
Pension related	06/30/2015	1 Year	-	6,294,884		-	6,294,884
					_		-
Total Deferred Out	tflows of Resources	S	\$ 4,752,337 \$	6,294,884	\$_	4,472,257 \$	6,574,964

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Refunding		Pension		
June 30	Loss		Related		Total
2016	\$ 11,670	\$	6,294,884	\$	6,306,554
2017	11,670		-		11,670
2018	11,670		-		11,670
2019	11,670		-		11,670
2020	11,670		-		11,670
2021-2025	58,350		-		58,350
2026-2030	58,350		-		58,350
2031-2035	58,350		-		58,350
2036-2040	46,680		-		46,680
Total	\$ 280,080	\$_	6,294,884	\$_	6,574,964

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

H. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	_	Major Governn			
			Capital Projects Fund For Blended	Nanmaiar	Total
	_	General Fund	Component Unit	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
Vendor payables Pension related liabilities Payroll and related benefits	\$	1,108,695 \$ 261,716 58,040	131,584 - -	\$ 297,680 848 15	\$ 1,537,959 262,564 58,055
Total	\$_	1,428,451_\$	131,584	\$ 298,543	\$ 1,858,578
	_	Enterprise Fund			
Vendor payables Pension related liabilities Payroll and related benefits	\$	8,957 26,829 925			
Total	\$_	36,711			

I. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		General Fund	Enterprise Fund
Federal Government: Federal Programs	\$	5,323 \$	-
Local Sources: 2015-16 restricted donation		1,270,430	
Pre-paid child care fees	_		164,761
Total	\$	1,275,753 \$	164,761

J. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

K. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

							Amounts
		Beginning				Ending	Due Within
Governmental activities:		Balance	Increases		Decreases	Balance	One Year
Special Tax Bonds				_			
Principal Balance	\$	27,235,000 \$	-	\$	730,000 \$	26,505,000	755,000
Bond Premium		66,365	-		2,885	63,480	2,885
Bond Discount		(85,874)	-		(3,435)	(82,439)	(3,435)
Total Special Tax Bonds	_	27,215,491	-	_	729,450	26,486,041	754,450
Capital leases		547,347	-		207,054	340,293	111,416
Net OPEB Obligation		3,310,416	798,816		86,635	4,022,597	-
Net Pension Liability		48,114,891	-		9,667,431	38,447,460	-
Compensated absences *		181,977	63,160		-	245,137	245,137
Total governmental activities	\$_	79,370,122 \$	861,976	\$	10,690,570 \$	69,541,528	1,111,003

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund				
Compensated absences	Governmental	General Fund				
Dalat Camilia - Damilia - India						

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt, net of premium, discount, OPEB obligation and net pension liability at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total					
2016	_ \$_	1,111,553 \$	1,198,141 \$	2,309,694					
2017		898,419	1,169,376	2,067,795					
2018		925,458	1,139,229	2,064,687					
2019		840,000	1,106,765	1,946,765					
2020		870,000	1,073,769	1,943,769					
2021-2025		4,900,000	4,792,238	9,692,238					
2026-2030		6,110,000	3,558,666	9,668,666					
2031-2035		7,540,000	1,906,530	9,446,530					
2036-2040		3,895,000	305,177	4,200,177					
Totals	\$	27,090,430 \$	16,249,891 \$	43,340,321					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

3. Special Tax Bonds

On June 14, 2007 the Community Facilities District No. 95-1 of the District issued bonds under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 in order to fund public works projects within the District's boundaries. The bonds were issued with maturity dates beginning in 2008 and extending through 2036 with coupons varying in yield from 3.70% to 4.85%. The principal and interest payments will be made from special taxes assessed on the properties located within the Community Facilities District No. 95-1.

On June 7, 2012 the Community Facilities District No. 99-1 of the District issued bonds under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 in order to refund previously issued special tax bonds that were used to fund public works projects within the District's boundaries. The bonds were issued with maturity dates beginning in 2013 and extending through 2038 with coupons varying in yield from 1.00% to 4.92%. The principal and interest payments will be made from special taxes assessed on the properties located within the Community Facilities District No. 99-1.

A summary of special tax bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	_	Date of Issue	Interest Rate		Maturity Date	_	Amount of Original Issue
2007 Special Tax Bonds 2012 Tax Refunding Bonds Total Special Tax Bonds		06/14/07 06/07/12	3.70 - 4.85% 1.00 - 4.92%		09/01/36 09/01/38	\$ \$	19,955,000 9,920,000 29,875,000
		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
2007 Special Tax Bonds	_					_	
Principal Balance	\$	17,495,000 \$	-	\$	475,000	\$	17,020,000
Unamortized Premium	_	66,365	-		2,885	_	63,480
Total 2007 Bonds	_	17,561,365	-		477,885	_	17,083,480
2012 Tax Refunding Bonds							
Principal Balance		9,740,000	-		255,000		9,485,000
Unamortized Discount		(85,874)	-		(3,435)		(82,439)
Total 2012 Bonds		9,654,126	-		251,565		9,402,561
Total Special Tax Bonds	\$_	27,215,491 \$	-	\$_	729,450	\$_	26,486,041

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$_	755,000 \$	1,192,022	\$ 1,947,022
2017		785,000	1,165,260	1,950,260
2018		810,000	1,137,153	1,947,153
2019		840,000	1,106,765	1,946,765
2020		870,000	1,073,769	1,943,769
2021-2025		4,900,000	4,792,238	9,692,238
2026-2030		6,110,000	3,558,666	9,668,666
2031-2035		7,540,000	1,906,530	9,446,530
2036-2040		3,895,000	305,177	4,200,177
Totals	\$	26,505,000 \$	16,237,580	\$ 42,742,580

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Bond Premium

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

2007 special tax bonds issued June 14, 2007 were issued at a premium. The premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Premiums issued on bonds resulted in effective interest rates as follows:

Total Interest Payments on Bonds	\$	17,132,453
Less Bond Premium		(86,561)
Net Interest Payments	-	17,045,892
	•	
Par amount of Bonds		19,955,000
Periods		30
Effective Interest Rate		2.847%

Bond Discount

Bond discount arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the discount decrease the face value of the bond and then amortize the discount over the life of the bond.

2012 special tax bonds issued June 7, 2012 were issued at a discount. The discount is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Premiums issued on bonds resulted in effective interest rates as follows:

Total Interest Payments on Bonds	\$ 6,972,085
Plus Bond Discount	82,440
Net Interest Payments	 7,054,525
Par amount of Bonds	9,920,000
Periods	26
Effective Interest Rate	2.735%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

4. Capital Leases

On June 23, 2011 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Apple Financial Services to purchase computer equipment. The lease calls for annual payments of \$92,811 which includes principal and interest at a rate of 2.90%.

On May 5, 2014 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Apple Financial Services to purchase computer equipment. The lease calls for annual payments of \$117,535 which includes principal and interest at a rate of 1.798%.

A summary of the district's capital leases outstanding as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	_	Date of Issue		Interest Rate		Maturity Date	_	Amount of Original Issue
2011 Apple Financial		06/23/2011		2.900%		07/20/2014	\$	355,070
2014 Apple Financial		05/05/2014		1.798%		07/01/2017		457,152
Total Capital Leases							$\$_{-}^{-}$	812,222
	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
2011 Apple Financial	\$	90,195	\$	-	\$	90,195	\$	-
2014 Apple Financial		457,152		-		116,859		340,293
Total Capital Leases	\$_	547,347	\$	-	\$_	207,054	\$_	340,293

The annual requirements to repay the capital leases outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 111,416	\$ 6,119	\$ 117,535
2017	113,419	4,116	117,535
2018	115,458	2,077	117,535
Totals	\$ 340,293	\$ 12,312	\$ 352,605

L. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

GASB Statement No. 68 requires that certain items relating to net pension liability be recorded as deferred inflows of resources and amortized over time. For the year ended June 30, 2015 amounts recorded as deferred inflows of resources that are pension related are the differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2014		Additions	Current Year Amortization	'	Balance June 30, 2015
Pension related	4 Years	\$	-	\$_	10,252,385 \$	-	_\$_	10,252,385
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		\$_	-	_\$_	10,252,385_\$	-	_\$_	10,252,385

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Future amortization of deferred inflows of resources is as follows:

Pension				
Related				
\$ 2	2,563,097			
2	2,563,096			
2	2,563,096			
2	2,563,096			
\$ 10	0,252,385			
	\$ R			

M. Components of Ending Fund Balance

Ending fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of:

		Major Governr	mental Funds			
			Capital	-		
			Projects Fund			
			For Blended		Nonmajor	Total
		General	Component		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Unit		Funds	 Funds
Nonspendable Fund Balances						
Revolving Cash	\$	25,000 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,000
Prepaid Items		318,253			-	 318,253
Total Nonspendable		343,253	-		-	 343,253
Restricted Fund Balances						
Capital Projects		-	11,441,819		-	11,441,819
Child Nutrition Program			-		38,953	38,953
Total Restricted		-	11,441,819		38,953	 11,480,772
Committed Fund Balances						
Deferred Maintenance			-		385,001	385,001
Total Committed	_	-	-		385,001	 385,001
Assigned Fund Balances						
Capital Projects		518,526	-		2,522,819	3,041,345
OPEB Liability		1,378,002	-		-	1,378,002
School Sites		308,015	-		-	308,015
Total Assigned		2,204,543	-		2,522,819	 4,727,362
Unassigned Fund Balances						
For Economic Uncertainty		1,385,716	-		-	1,385,716
Other Unassigned		6,928,580	-		-	6,928,580
Total Unassigned	_	8,314,296	-		-	 8,314,296
Total Fund Balance	\$_	10,862,092 \$	11,441,819	\$	2,946,773	\$ 25,250,684

N. Adjustment to Beginning Net Position

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 & 71 during the current fiscal year which resulted to accounting changes for net pension liability. Under previous standards, net pension liability was not recorded on the statement of net position. Under newly implemented standards the net pension liability is recorded as a liability on the statement of net position. In addition, resulting from a difference in the measurement date for the net pension liability any contributions to pensions subsequent to the measurement date are now recorded as deferred outflows of resources. In addition to the change in accounting policies, the district made corrections for an item involving long term debt that were discovered during the year. The combination of changes due to accounting policies and correction of errors

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

resulted in an adjustment to beginning net position as follows:

		Governmenta Activities
Net Position, Beginning (As Originally Stated)	\$	106,006,620
Adjustments for: Change in Accounting Policy - Net Pension Liability Change in Accounting Policy - Deferred Outflows Pension Related Correction of Errors - Long Term Debt Related	_	(48,114,891) 4,460,587 291,750
Net Position, Beginning (As Restated)	\$_	62,644,066

O. <u>Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)</u>

The District participates in one joint powers agreement (JPA) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurance for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Combined condensed unaudited financial information of the District's share of the JPA for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 417,342
Total Liabilities	72,443
Total Fund Balance	344,899
Total Cash Receipts	487,379
Total Cash Disbursements	472,530
Net Change in Fund Balance	14,849

P. Pension Plans

1. General Information About the Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

b. Benefits Provided

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

	CalS	CalSTRS		PERS
	Before	On or After	Before	On or After
Hire Date	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	50-62	55-67	50-62	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*	1.1 - 2.5%	1.0 - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates (Average)	8.000%	8.000%	6.974.%	6.974.%
Required employer contribution rates	8.250%	8.250%	11.442%	11.442%

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

c. Contributions - CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (measurement date), the average active employee contribution rate is 6.974% of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 11.442% of annual payroll.

d. Contributions - CalSTRS

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (measurement date), Section 22950 of the California Education code requires members to contribute monthly to the system 8% of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 8.25% of creditable compensation. Rates are defined in Section 22950.5 through measurement period ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year 2021-22 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

e, On Behalf Payments.

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (measurement date) the State contributed 5.204002% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

f. Contributions Recognized & Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
\$_	1,177,079 \$	854,180
	1,181,526	528,399
	719,403	-
\$_	3,078,008 \$	1,382,579
	CalSTRS	CalPERS
\$	(6,760,056) \$	(2,907,375)
	7,482,800	2,769,585
	3,078,008	1,382,579
\$_	3,800,752 \$	1,244,789
	\$_ \$_	\$ 1,177,079 \$ 1,181,526

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	F	roportionate?	
	Share of Net		
	Pe	ension Liability	
CalSTRS	\$	30,387,232	
CalPERS		8,060,229	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	38,447,461	

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. Although a valid comparison of the District's proportion at June 30, 2014 to its proportion at June 30, 2013 is not available in the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, that disclosure will be available in subsequent years.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.0520%	0.0710%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.0520%	0.0710%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	<u> </u>	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,045,542. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,924,884	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		-		(10,252,385)
			_	
Total	\$_	6,924,884	\$_	(10,252,385)

\$6,924,884 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2016	\$ (2,563,097)
2017	(2,563,096)
2018	(2,563,096)
2019	(2,563,096)
2020	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	(10,252,385)

a. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

0.10700

0 10500

	CalSTRS		CalPERS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013		June 30, 2013	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2014	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age - Norm	al Cost Method f	or both CalSTRS &	CalPERS
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate	7.6%		7.5%	
Inflation	3.0%		2.75%	
Payroll Growth	3.75%		3.00%	
Projected Salary Increase	0.05%-5.6%	(1)	3.20%-10.80%	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.6%	(2)	7.5%	(2)
Mortality	.013%-0.435%	(3)	0.00125-0.45905	(3)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) Depending on age, gender, and type of job

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

b. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60% for CalSTRS and 7.50% for CalPERS. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate and the use of the District bond rate calculation is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS websites.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuations is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalSTRS and CalPERS expect to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and GASB 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalSTRS and CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Years 1-10)(1)	(Years 11+)(2)
Global Equity	47.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Real Estate Infrastructure and Forestland	11.00% 3.00%	4.50% 4.50%	5.13% 5.09%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

c. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	CalSTRS	_	CalPERS
1% Decrease		6.60%		6.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$	53,306,155	\$	14,139,481
Current Discount Rate		7.60%		7.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$	30,387,232	\$	8,060,229
1% Increase		8.60%		8.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$	11,236,175	\$	2,980,400

d. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CalSTRS

		Increase (D	ecrease)	
		Total	Plan	Net
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
	_	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	123,648,720 \$	86,501,433 \$	37,147,287
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		2,775,760	-	2,775,760
Interest		9,267,440	-	9,267,440
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		-	-	-
Contributions - Employer		-	1,177,079	(1,177,079)
Contributions - Employee		-	1,181,526	(1,181,526)
Contributions - State On Behalf		-	719,403	(719,403)
Net investment income		-	15,808,990	(15,808,990)
Other income		-	987	(987)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(6,258,200)	(6,258,200)	-
Administrative expenses		-	(80,161)	80,161
Other expenses		-	(4,569)	4,569
Net Changes		5,785,000	12,545,055	(6,760,055)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$_	129,433,720 \$	99,046,488_\$_	30,387,232

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CalPERS

<u></u>		Increase (De	ecrease)	
		Total	Plan	Net
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
	_	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	46,175,657 \$	35,208,053 \$	10,967,604
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		1,118,979	-	1,118,979
Interest		3,421,574	-	3,421,574
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		-	-	-
Contributions - Employer		-	854,180	(854,180)
Contributions - Employee		-	528,399	(528,399)
Net investment income		-	6,065,349	(6,065,349)
Benefit payments, including refunds				,
of employee contributions		(2,228,322)	(2,228,322)	-
Net Changes		2,312,231	5,219,606	(2,907,375)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	48,487,888 \$	40,427,659_\$_	8,060,229

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports.

Q. Alternative Pension Plan

The District participates in one alternative pension plan through the Fringe Benefit Consortium (FBC) Deferred Compensation Program. The FBC was formed in October 1982 as part of a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) of the San Diego County Office of Education. The FBC provides 401(a), 457(b), and 403(b) investment programs. Under these plans, eligible employees will contribute up to \$17,500 per year of their salary before taxes. The catch-up contribution limit for those age 50 and over is \$5,500. The District does not have any obligation with regards to this voluntary plan offered to employees.

R. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

Plan Description

The Del Mar Union School District (District) administers a single-employer healthcare plan (Plan). The plan provides retiree medical (including prescription drug benefits), dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents until the retiree turns age 65. The District's financial obligation is to provide these benefits at the same cost as active employees. The District's contribution is subject to an annual maximum (\$8,818). The annual maximum is subject to periodic changes. Hourly and most part-time employees are not eligible for retiree health benefits.

The District currently provides retiree health benefits to age 65 to approximately 13 retired employees.

Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement from PERS or STRS, be at least 55 years of age, and have completed the required years of full time service equal to 75 (rule of 75). The District does not provide retiree health benefits after a retiree turns 65 years of age. Dependent coverage ceases upon the death of the retiree or when the retiree turns 65 year of age.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Contribution Information

The medical plans are partially experienced rated insured plans. The premium rates vary by plans and tiers. Keenan and Associates is the District's insurance broker. In 2012 the District offered a Kaiser Permanente HMO plan, an Anthem Blue Cross HMO plan and two Anthem Blue Cross PPO plans. In 2013, the District joined the Public Agency Coalition Enterprise Joint Powers Authority also known as PACE. Currently the District offers benefit eligible employees two Kaiser Permanante plans, two United Health Care HMO plans, one United Health Care PPO plan, and one United Health Care HDHP plan. The District also offers a self-insured Delta Dental Plan and VSP Vision Care Plan through the San Diego Fringe Benefits Consortium. The District currently offers benefits to 378 active employees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Districts annual OPEB cost of the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$	1,020,357
Interest on net OPEB obligation		13,431
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(234,882)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		798,906
Contribution made		(86,635)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		712,271
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		3,310,416
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$_	4,022,687

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and 2015 was as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	_ A	nnual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation			
2014 2015	\$	816,678 798,906	13.36% 10.84%	\$	3,310,416 4,022,687		

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the March 2013 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method used was Projected Unit Credit with service prorate. Under this method, the Actuarial Accrued Liability is the present value of projected benefits multiplied by the ratio of benefit service as of the valuation date to the projected benefit service at retirement, termination, disability or death. The Normal Cost for a plan year is the expected increase in the Accrued Liability during the plan year. All employees eligible as of the measurement date in accordance with the provisions of the Plan listed in the data provided by the Employer were included in the valuation.

Medical cost trend rates ranged from an initial rate of 7.0% reduced to a rate of 5.0% after four years. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method with the remaining amortization period at July 1, 2013 of 25 years. The actuarial value of assets was not determined in this actuarial valuation; however, any assets of the plan to be determined will be on a market basis.

S. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to view and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

Construction Committments

As of June 30, 2015 the district had the following committments with regards to unfinished projects:

Description of Project	Commitment Amount une 30, 2015	Expected Date of Completion	
Carmel Del Mar Modernization Project Torrey Hills Modernization Project New Financial Accounting System	\$ 1,127,605 1,305,809 86,000	December 2015 December 2015 December 2015	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

T. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 72

In February 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The primary objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement requires a government to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value. The techniques should be consistent with one or more of the following approaches:

The Market Approach: This approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, liabilities, or a group of assets and liabilities.

The Cost Approach: This approach reflects the amount that would be required to replace the present service capacity of the asset.

The Income Approach: This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows or income and expenses) to a single current (discounted) amount.

In addition to establishing fair value techniques the Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques and requires additional note disclosures about fair value in the financial statements. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This Statement will also enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position.

The Statement is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2015 and as such the District is implementing effective for the 2015-16 fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 76

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles For State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55 and is effective for financial statement periods beginning after June 15, 2015 and as such the District is implementing effective for the 2015-16 fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information			
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	i by th	ie Gov	rernmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues:	Budgete Original	ed Aı	mounts Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
LCFF Sources:							
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$ 1,175,317	\$	1,170,350	\$	1,170,350	\$	-
Education Protection Account Funds	854,342		854,342		854,342		-
Local Sources	36,146,757		36,993,671		36,993,671		-
Federal Revenue	943,175		1,015,695		1,015,695		-
Other State Revenue	1,219,195		2,922,267		2,922,267		-
Other Local Revenue	3,341,371		3,892,878		3,892,878		-
Total Revenues	43,680,157		46,849,203		46,849,203		-
Expenditures: Current:							
Certificated Salaries	23,833,573		24,340,554		24,340,554		-
Classified Salaries	6,487,216		6,486,363		6,486,363		-
Employee Benefits	7,392,276		8,651,936		8,651,936		-
Books And Supplies	1,063,256		1,667,285		1,667,285		-
Services And Other Operating Expenditures	4,266,888		4,802,644		4,802,644		-
Other Outgo	75,436		75,014		75,014		-
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	-		(13,969)		(13,969)		-
Capital Outlay	421,165		1,289,221		1,289,221		-
Debt Service:							
Principal	207,054		207,054		207,054		-
Interest	3,292		3,292		3,292		-
Total Expenditures	43,750,156	_	47,509,394		47,509,394	_	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(69,999)	_	(660,191)	_	(660,191)	_	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	70,000		70,000	_	70,000	_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	70,000		70,000	_	70,000	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1		(590,191)	_	(590,191)	-	
Fund Balance, July 1	11,452,283		11,452,283		11,452,283		-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 11,452,284	\$	10,862,092	\$_	10,862,092	\$	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS-HEALTHCARE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	· <u>-</u>	Actuarial Acturial Accrued Value of Liability (AAL) Assets - Entry Age (a) (b)		_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
7/1/2007	\$	-	\$	3,005,580	\$	3,005,580	-	\$	20,600,000	14.6%
7/1/2009		-		3,626,013		3,626,013	-		23,910,000	15.2%
7/1/2011		-		4,772,123		4,772,123	-		25,175,000	19.0%
7/1/2013		-		6,099,372		6,099,372	-		26,267,000	23.2%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fis	scal Year					
	_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	_
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	_	0.0520%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	_
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	30,387,232	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	14,292,720	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		212.61%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	tage	76.52%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 is the first implementation year and as such no information is being presented for years prior to implementation.

Notes to Schedule:

- 1) Benefit Changes: In 2015 there were no changes to benefits.
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

					Fisc	al Year				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,358,605	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,358,605)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,292,720	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 is the first year of implementation and as such information is not being presented for years prior to implementation.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial methods and assumptions

The total pension liability for the CalSTRS Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2013

Experience Study July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2010

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Investment Rate of Return1 7.60%

Consumer Price Inflation 3.00%

Wage Growth 3.75%

Post-retirement Benefit Increases 2.00% simple

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 – June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis for more information.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The bestestimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's (Milliman) investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

Fiscal Year 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 0.071% N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$ 8,060,229 N/A District's covered-employee payroll 7,773,612 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll 103.69% N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 83.38% N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

N/A - 2014-15 is the first year of implementation and as such years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule:

- 1) Benefit changes: In 2015 there were no changes to the benefits.
- 2) Changes in assumptions: In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fisc	al Year				
		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,382,579	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,382,579)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,773,612	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.79%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 fiscal year was the first year of implementation and as such years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. The June 30, 2013 and the June 30, 2014 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.50% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds

Post Retirement Increase Contract COLA up to 2.00% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons
as Supplementary Information This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

						Total Nonmajor
		Special		Capital		Governmental
	ı	Revenue		Projects		Funds (See
		Funds		Funds		Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS:						
Cash in County Treasury	\$	276,574	\$	2,813,396	\$	3,089,970
Accounts Receivable		28,035		7,103		35,138
Due from Other Funds		135,126				135,126
Total Assets	_	439,735	=	2,820,499	=	3,260,234
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	863	\$	297,680	\$	298,543
Due to Other Funds		14,918		-		14,918
Total Liabilities		15,781		297,680		313,461
Fund Balance:						
Restricted Fund Balances		38,953		-		38,953
Committed Fund Balances		385,001		-		385,001
Assigned Fund Balances		-		2,522,819		2,522,819
Total Fund Balance		423,954		2,522,819		2,946,773
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	439,735	\$	2,820,499	\$	3,260,234

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	135,126 132,930 6,846
Revenues:	132,930
LCFF Sources:	132,930
Local Sources \$ 135,126 \$ - \$ - \$	
Federal Revenue 132,930	6,846
Other State Revenue 6,846	057.540
Other Local Revenue 102,918 - 154,592 - 154,592	257,510
Total Revenues 377,820 - 154,592	532,412
Expenditures:	
Pupil Services 245,862	245,862
General Administration 13,969 - 1,298	15,267
Plant Services 182,710 - 473,099	655,809
Debt Service:	,
Principal - 730,000 -	730,000
	,216,988
	2,863,926
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
	2,331,514)
	, , , ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Transfers In - 1,946,988 1,497,218	3,444,206
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,946,988 1,497,218	3,444,206
Net Change in Fund Balance (64,721) - 1,177,413	1,112,692
	1,834,081
Fund Balance, June 30 \$ 423,954 \$ - \$ 2,522,819 \$ 2	2,946,773

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ACCETO:		afeteria Fund		Deferred aintenance Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury	\$	26,943	\$	249,631	\$	276,574
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	27,791	Ψ	244	Ψ	28,035
Due from Other Funds		-		135,126		135,126
Total Assets		54,734		385,001	_	439,735
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	863 14,918 15,781	\$	- - -	\$	863 14,918 15,781
Fund Balance:						
Restricted Fund Balances		38,953		-		38,953
Committed Fund Balances		-		385,001	_	385,001
Total Fund Balance		38,953		385,001	-	423,954
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	54,734	\$	385,001	\$_	439,735

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 Revenues: LCFF Sources:		Cafeteria Fund		Deferred aintenance Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
Local Sources	\$	_	\$	135,126	\$	135,126
Federal Revenue	Ψ	132,930	Ψ	-	Ψ	132,930
Other State Revenue		6,846		-		6,846
Other Local Revenue		101,762		1,156		102,918
Total Revenues		241,538		136,282		377,820
Expenditures:						
Pupil Services		245,862		-		245,862
General Administration		13,969		-		13,969
Plant Services		-		182,710		182,710
Total Expenditures		259,831		182,710		442,541
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,293)		(46,428)		(64,721)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,293)		(46,428)		(64,721)
Fund Balance, July 1		57,246		431,429		488,675
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	38,953	\$	385,001	\$	423,954

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS:		Capital Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
Cash in County Treasury Accounts Receivable Total Assets	\$	603,595 4,924 608,519	\$ 	2,209,801 2,179 2,211,980	\$ _ =	2,813,396 7,103 2,820,499
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	2,258 2,258	\$	295,422 295,422	\$_	297,680 297,680
Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	_	606,261 606,261	_	1,916,558 1,916,558	-	2,522,819 2,522,819
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	608,519	\$	2,211,980	\$_	2,820,499

Total

DEL MAR UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Capital	Special	Nonmajor Capital Projects
	Facilities	Reserve	Funds (See
	Fund	Fund	Exhibit C-2)
Revenues:		<u> </u>	
Other Local Revenue	\$ 147,7	11 \$ 6,881	\$ 154,592
Total Revenues	147,7	6,881	154,592
Expenditures:			
General Administration	1,29	98 -	1,298
Plant Services	1,5	70 471,529	473,099
Total Expenditures	2,80	68 471,529	474,397
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	144,84	43 (464,648)	(319,805)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	-	1,497,218	1,497,218
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	1,497,218	1,497,218
Net Change in Fund Balance	144,8	1,032,570	1,177,413
Fund Balance, July 1	461,4	18 883,988	1,345,406
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 606,20	61 \$ 1,916,558	\$ 2,522,819

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.



LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2015

The Del Mar Union School District was established in 1906 and became a Union District in 1949. There were no changes in the boundaries of the district during the current fiscal year. The district is currently operating eight elementary schools.

Governing Board					
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration			
Doug Rafner	President	Four year term Expires December 2018			
Kristin Gibson	Clerk	Four year term Expires December 2018			
Darren Gretler	Member	One year term Expires December 2016			
Erica Halpern	Member	One year term Expires December 2016			
Scott Wooden, Ph.D.	Member	Four year term Expires December 2018			

Administration

Holly McClurg, Ph.D. Superintendent

Shelley Petersen Assistant Superintendent Curriculum & Instruction

Jason Romero Assistant Superintendent Human Resources

Catherine Birks
Assistant Superintendent
Business Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Second Period Report		Annual F	Report	
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised	
TK/K-3:					
Regular ADA	2,323.88	N/A	2,325.59	N/A	
Extended Year Special Education	5.06	N/A	5.06	N/A	
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	1.00	N/A	0.98	N/A	
Extended Year-Nonpublic	0.33	N/A	0.33	N/A	
TK/K-3 Totals	2,330.27	N/A	2,331.96	N/A	
Grades 4-6:					
Regular ADA	1,933.29	N/A	1,932.90	N/A	
Extended Year Special Education	1.94	N/A	1.94	N/A	
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	4.52	N/A	4.42	N/A	
Extended Year-Nonpublic	0.60	N/A	0.60	N/A	
Grades 4-6 Totals	1,940.35	N/A	1,939.86	N/A	
ADA totals	4,270.62	N/A	4,271.82	N/A	

N/A- There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Grade Level	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes Requirement	Ed. Code 46207 Adjusted & Reduced	2014-15 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
Transitional Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	42,525	180	-	Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	42,525	180	-	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	49,000	54,675	180	-	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	49,000	54,675	180	-	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	49,000	54,675	180	-	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	52,500	54,675	180	-	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	52,500	54,675	180	-	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	52,500	54,675	180	-	Complied

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District met or exceeded its target funding.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Budget 2016		2015				
General Fund	_	(Note 1)		(Note 4)	_	2014	_	2013
Revenues and other financial sources	\$_	48,391,541	\$	46,919,204	\$	46,055,845	\$	41,813,227
Expenditures, other uses and transfers out	_	48,391,541		47,509,394	_	45,105,315	_	44,334,060
Change in fund balance (deficit)	_			(590,190)		950,530		(2,520,833)
Ending fund balance	\$_	10,862,093	\$	10,862,093	\$	11,452,283	\$	10,501,753
Available reserves (Note 2)	\$_	10,862,093	\$	10,518,840	\$	10,679,425	\$	10,132,842
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo (Note 3)	_	22.4%	_	22.8%		24.3%	_	23.5%
Total long-term debt	\$_	69,423,655	\$	69,534,658	\$	31,255,231	\$	30,874,042
Average daily attendance at P-2	=	4,287	_	4,271	_	4,249	_	4,252

This schedule discloses the district's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The fund balance of the general fund has increased by \$360,340 (3.43%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2015-16 budget projects no increase or decrease. For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$38,660,616 over the past two years.

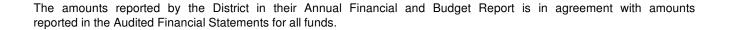
Average daily attendance has increased by 19 over the past two years.

Notes:

- 1 Budget 2016 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2 Available reserves consist of all assigned fund balances, all unassigned fund balances, and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- 3 On behalf payments of \$1,318,857, \$1,147,293, and \$1,201,962, have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013.
- 4 As a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, long term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015 include net pension liabilities which were not previously accounted for. As such, total long term debt for the year ended June 30, 2015 is not comparable to previous years represented in this table.

TABLE D-4

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

TABLE D-5

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

No charter schools are chartered by Del Mar Union School District.

Charter Schools Included In Audit?

None N/A

DEL MAR UNION SCHOOL DISTRICTSCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education Cluster Special Education: IDEA Special Education: IDEA Mental Health Special Education: Preschool Local Special Education: Preschool Grants Special Education: IDEA Preschool Staff Development Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027A 84.173 84.173A	13379 14468 13682 13430 13430	\$ 786,070 48,882 69,851 34,845 368 940,016
Title III Cluster Title III Immigrant Title III Limited English Proficiency Total Title III Cluster Title II Teacher Quality Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education	84.365 84.365 84.367	14346 10084 14341	13,485 31,052 44,537 31,142 1,015,695 1,015,695
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster Child Nutrition: NSL Section 11 Child Nutrition: NSL Section 4 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	10.555 10.555	13396 13391	75,771 57,160 132,931 132,931 132,931 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Del Mar Union School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general purpose financial statements.









Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Del Mar Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Del Mar Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Del Mar Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Del Mar Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Del Mar Union School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Del Mar Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2015-001 and 2015-002.

Del Mar Union School District's Response to Findings

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP

Del Mar Union School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Del Mar Union School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California

December 14, 2015



P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. King, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Del Mar Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Del Mar Union School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. Del Mar Union School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Del Mar Union School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits ot States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Del Mar Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Del Mar Union School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Del Mar Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Del Mar Union School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Del Mar Union School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Del Mar Union School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiences. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP

December 14, 2015



Aubrey W. King, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Board of Trustees Del Mar Union School District San Diego, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on State Compliance

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's audit guide, 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide, 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Procedures in
Audit Guide
Compliance Requirements
Performed?

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:

Attendance Accounting:

Attendance Reporting Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments Yes
Kindergarten Continuance Yes
Independent Study N/A
Continuation Education N/A

Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Regional Occupational Centers or Programs Maintenance of Effort	N/A
Adult Eduction Maintenance of Effort	N/A

SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:

California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
After School	N/A
Before School	N/A
General Requirements	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Common Core Implementation Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes

CHARTER SCHOOLS:

Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Del Mar Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with the statutory requirements for programs noted above, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State's audit guide, 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2015-001 and 2015-002.

Del Mar Union School District's Response to Findings

Del Mar Union School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Del Mar Union School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance outside of the items tested as noted above. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California December 14, 2015

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:			<u>odified</u>		
	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	_X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X_	None
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X_	No
2.	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	_X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X_	None
	Type of auditor's report issued on comp for major programs:	liance	<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are recto be reported in accordance with sect of Circular A-133?			Yes	_X_	No
	Identification of major programs:					
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pro	ogram	or Cluster		
	84.027 & 84.173	Special Education C	Cluster			
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		_X_	Yes		No
3.	State Awards					
	Any audit findings disclosed that are recreported in accordance with Standards for Audits of California K-12 Local Education	and Procedures	_X_	Yes		No
	Type of auditor's report issued on comp for state programs:	liance	<u>Unm</u>	odified		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

B. Financial Statement Findings

None

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2015-001 (40000) Kindergarten Continuance

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Education Code Section 46300(g)(1) states that in computing the average daily attendance of a school district, there shall be included the attendance of pupils in kindergarten after they have completed one school year in kindergarten or pupils in a transitional kindergarten program after they have completed one year in that program if one of the following conditions is met:

- (A) The school district has on file for each of those pupils an agreement made pursuant to Section 48011, approved in form and content by the department and signed by the pupil's parent or guardian, that the pupil may continue in kindergarten for not more than one additional school year.
- (B) The pupils participated in a transitional kindergarten program pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 48000.

Condition

In review of kindergarten students at Ocean Air Elementary School, we identified one kindergarten student who continued into kindergarten for a second year but did not have a kindergarten continuation form approved in form and content by the California Department of Education as described in Education Code Section 48011.

Context

The district had policies and procedures in place to obtain kindergarten continuation forms near the anniversary date for students who will be continuing in kindergarten for a second year. This student transferred to the district after the anniversary date and did not have a continuation form in his file received from the former district.

<u>Cause</u>

The district did not have procedures in place to obtain forms for continuing kindergarten students that are transferring from other school districts.

Effect

Overstatement of approximately 1 ADA at P2 and Annual attendance reporting periods.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Questioned Costs

LCFF State Aid	\$ 1,170,350
Education Protection Account Entitlement	854,310
Total State Apportionment	2,024,660
District ADA at P2	4,271
State Apportionment Per ADA	474
Questioned ADA	1
Estimated Questioned Costs	\$ 474

Recommendation

Implement procedures to obtain kindergarten continuation forms for students that are transferring from other school districts and will be continuing in kindergarten for a second year.

LEA's Response

School registration forms will be modified to include language specific to kindergarten enrollment. The registration information will include the question "If registering your child for kindergarten, has your child been previously enrolled in a kindergarten program?" If a parent responds "yes", DMUSD will not enroll the child in kindergarten until a kindergarten continuance form is received from teh previous district or school of attendance. If DMUSD is unable to acquire the required form, the child will be placed in first grade.

Finding 2015-002 (72000) School Accountability Report Card

Criteria or Specific Requirement

For each school in the sample of schools selected pursuant to Section A of this guide, obtain the school district's or COE's copy of its most recently completed "Facility Inspection Tool (FIT), School Facility Conditions Evaluation" developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board and applicable to the School Accountability Report Card(s) selected in 1., or a local evaluation instrument that meets the same criteria, pursuant to subdivision (d) of Education Code section 17002. Compare the information contained in the FIT to the information on safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities contained in the School Accountability Report Card(s) selected in 1. for that school as required by Education Code section 33126(b)(8).

Condition

In our review of School Accountability Report Card (SARC) for Ocean Air School we noted that the information provided in the SARC for school facilities was inconsistent with the Facilities Inspection Tool (FIT) prepared by the Director of Facilities.

Context

The district had policies and procedures in place to base information in the SARC on the most recent FIT; however, an oversight by school site personnel caused incorrect information to be included in the SARC.

Cause

The district did not have procedures in place to review the SARC prior to publishing.

Effect

The SARC for Ocean Air School reported information that was not consistent with the most recent FIT.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Questioned Costs

None, no funding is tied to this compliance requirement.

Recommendation

Implement review procedures to ensure accurate information is being reported in the SARC.

LEA's Response

The Assistant Superintendent of Instructional Services will review all FIT reports and SARC reports for each school to ensure accurate reporting and alignment between the FIT report and SARC. SARC reports will not be submitted until approved.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
Finding 2014-001 Attendance		
In review of attendance reports, some teachers at Ashley Falls Elementary School were verifying attendance prior to the completion of the attendance period. In addition, some attendance verification reports were printed several months after the period of attendance and teachers were backdating their signatures to appear as if they had verified attendance within one week of attendance being taken.		
Implement procedures to ensure teachers are verifying attendance within one week of the attendance being taken.	Implemented	